

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
2 May 2002 (02.05.2002)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 02/34900 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷:
5/10, 5/12, A61K 38/43, C07K 16/40

C12N 9/64,

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(21) International Application Number: PCT/AU01/01388

(22) International Filing Date: 29 October 2001 (29.10.2001)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
PR 1078 27 October 2000 (27.10.2000) AU

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(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— with international search report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.



WO 02/34900 A1

(54) Title: DIPEPTIDYL PEPTIDASES

(57) Abstract: Peptides which comprise sequences as shown in Seq ID NO:2 or HisGlyTrpSerTypGlyGlyPheLeu; LeuAspGluAsnValHisPhePhe; GluArgHisSerIleArg and PheValIleGlnGluGluPhe which show peptidase ability and have substrate specificity for at least one of the compounds H-Ala-Pro-pNA, H-Gly-Pro-pNA, H-Gly-Pro-pNA and H-Arg-Pro-pNA. peptides having sequence ID No:7 are also claimed. Nucleic acids, vectors, antibodies and hybridoma cells are also claimed with reference to the above sequences and their abilities.

TITLE

DIPEPTIDYL PEPTIDASES

FIELD OF INVENTION

5 The invention relates to a dipeptidyl peptidase, to a nucleic acid molecule which encodes it, and to uses of the peptidase.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 The dipeptidyl peptidase (DPP) IV-like gene family is a family of molecules which have related protein structure and function [1-3]. The gene family includes the following molecules: DPPIV (CD26), dipeptidyl amino-peptidase-like protein 6 (DPP6), dipeptidyl amino-peptidase-like protein 8
15 (DPP8) and fibroblast activation protein (FAP) [1,2,4,5]. Another possible member is DPPIV- β [6].

The molecules of the DPPIV-like gene family are serine proteases, they are members of the peptidase family S9b,
20 and together with prolyl endopeptidase (S9a) and acylaminoacyl peptidase (S9c), they are comprised in the prolyl oligopeptidase family[5,7].

DPPIV and FAP both have similar postproline dipeptidyl
25 amino peptidase activity, however, unlike DPPIV, FAP also has gelatinase activity[8,9].

DPPIV substrates include chemokines such as RANTES, eotaxin, macrophage-derived chemokine and stromal-cell-derived factor 1; growth factors such as glucagon and glucagon-like peptides 1 and 2; neuropeptides including neuropeptide Y and substance P; and vasoactive peptides[10-12].

35 DPPIV and FAP also have non-catalytic activity; DPPIV binds adenosine deaminase, and FAP binds to $\alpha_3\beta_1$ and $\alpha_5\beta_1$ integrin[13-14].

In view of the above activities, the DPPIV-like family members are likely to have roles in intestinal and renal handling of proline containing peptides, cell adhesion, peptide metabolism, including metabolism of cytokines, 5 neuropeptides, growth factors and chemokines, and immunological processes, specifically T cell stimulation[3,11,12].

Consequently, the DPPIV-like family members are likely to 10 be involved in the pathology of disease, including for example, tumour growth and biology, type II diabetes, cirrhosis, autoimmunity, graft rejection and HIV infection[3,15-18].

15 Inhibitors of DPPIV have been shown to suppress arthritis, and to prolong cardiac allograft survival in animal models *in vivo*[19,20]. Some DPPIV inhibitors are reported to inhibit HIV infection[21]. It is anticipated that DPPIV inhibitors will be useful in other therapeutic applications 20 including treating diarrhoea, growth hormone deficiency, lowering glucose levels in non insulin dependent diabetes mellitus and other disorders involving glucose intolerance, enhancing mucosal regeneration and as immunosuppressants[3,21-24].

25 There is a need to identify members of the DPPIV-like gene family as this will allow the identification of inhibitor(s) with specificity for particular family member(s), which can then be administered for the purpose 30 of treatment of disease. Alternatively, the identified member may of itself be useful for the treatment of disease.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

35 The present invention seeks to address the above identified need and in a first aspect provides a peptide which comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2.

As described herein, the inventors believe that the peptide is a prolyl oligopeptidase and a dipeptidyl peptidase, because it has substantial and significant homology with the amino acid sequences of DPPIV and DPP8. As homology is 5 observed between DPP8, DPPIV and DPP9, it will be understood that DPP9 has a substrate specificity for at least one of the following compounds: H-Ala-Pro-pNA, H-Gly-Pro-pNA and H-Arg-Pro-pNA.

10 The peptide is homologous with human DPPIV and DPP8, and importantly, identity between the sequences of DPPIV and DPP8 and SEQ ID NO: 2 is observed at the regions of DPPIV and DPP8 containing the catalytic triad residues and the two glutamate residues of the β -propeller domain essential 15 for DPPIV enzyme activity. The observation of amino acid sequence homology means that the peptide which has the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2 is a member of the DPPIV-like gene family. Accordingly the peptide is now named and described herein as DPP9.

20 The following sequences of the human DPPIV amino acid sequence are important for the catalytic activity of DPPIV: (i) Trp⁶¹⁷GlyTrpSerTyrGlyGlyTyrVal; (ii) Ala⁷⁰⁷AspAspAsnValHisPhe; (iii) Glu⁷³⁸AspHisGlyIleAlaSer; and 25 (iv) Trp²⁰¹ValTyrGluGluGluVal [25-28]. As described herein, the alignment of the following sequences of DPP9: His⁸³³GlyTrpSerTyrGlyGlyPheLeu; Leu⁹¹³AspGluAsnValHisPhePhe; Glu⁹⁴⁴ArgHisSerIleArg and Phe³⁵⁰ValIleGlnGluGluPhe with sequences (i) to (iv) above, respectively, suggests that 30 these sequences of DPP9 are likely to confer the catalytic activity of DPP9. This is also supported by the alignment of DPP9 and DPP8 amino acid sequences. More specifically, DPP8 has substrate specificity for H-Ala-Pro-pNA, H-Gly-Pro-pNA and H-Arg-Pro-pNA, and shares near identity, with 35 only one position of amino acid difference, in each of the above described sequences of DPP9. Thus, in a second aspect, the invention provides a peptide comprising the following amino acid sequences:

HisGlyTrpSerTyrGlyGlyPheLeu; LeuAspGluAsnValHisPhePhe; GluArgHisSerIleArg and PheValIleGlnGluGluPhe; which has the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2.

5 Also described herein, using the GAP sequence alignment algorithm, it is observed that DPP9 has 53% amino acid similarity and 29% amino acid identity with a *C. elegans* protein. Further, as shown herein, a nucleic acid molecule which encodes DPP9, is capable of hybridising specifically
10 with DPP9 sequences derived from non-human species, including rat and mouse. Further, the inventors have isolated and characterised a mouse homologue of human DPP9. Together these data demonstrate that DPP9 is expressed in non-human species. Thus in a third aspect, the invention
15 provides a peptide which has at least 91% amino acid identity with the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2, and which has the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2. Typically the peptide has the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:4. Preferably, the amino acid
20 identity is 75%. More preferably, the amino acid identity is 95%. Amino acid identity is calculated using GAP software [GCG Version 8, Genetics Computer Group, Madison, WI, USA] as described further herein. Typically, the peptide comprises the following sequences:
25 HisGlyTrpSerTyrGlyGlyPheLeu; LeuAspGluAsnValHisPhePhe; GluArgHisSerIleArg and PheValIleGlnGluGluPhe.

In view of the homology between DPPIV, DPP8 and DPP9 amino acid sequences, it is expected that these sequences will
30 have similar tertiary structure. This means that the tertiary structure of DPP9 is likely to include the seven-blade β -propeller domain and the α/β hydrolase domain of DPPIV. These structures in DPP9 are likely to be conferred by the regions comprising β -propeller, Val²²⁶ to Ala⁷⁰⁵, α/β hydrolase, Ser⁷⁰⁶ to Leu⁹⁶⁹ and about 70 to 90 residues in
35 the region Ser¹³⁶ to Gly²²⁵. As it is known that the β -propeller domain regulates proteolysis mediated by the catalytic triad in the α/β hydrolase domain of prolyl

oligopeptidase, [29] it is expected that truncated forms of DPP9 can be produced, which have the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2, comprising the regions referred to above (His⁸³³GlyTrpSerTyrGlyGlyPheLeu; 5 Leu⁹¹³AspGluAsnValHisPhePhe; Glu⁹⁴⁴ArgHisSerIleArg and Phe³⁵⁰ValIleGlnGluGluPhe) which confer the catalytic specificity of DPP9. Examples of truncated forms of DPP9 which might be prepared are those in which the region conferring the β -propeller domain and the α/β hydrolase 10 domain are spliced together. Other examples of truncated forms include those that are encoded by splice variants of DPP9 mRNA. Thus although, as described herein, the biochemical characterisation of DPP9 shows that DPP9 consists of 969 amino acids and has a molecular weight of 15 about 110 kDa, it is recognised that truncated forms of DPP9 which have the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2, may be prepared using standard techniques [30,31]. Thus in a fourth aspect, the invention provides a fragment of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, 20 which has the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2. The inventors believe that a fragment from Ser136 to Leu969 (numbered according to SEQ ID NO:2) would have enzyme activity.

25 It is recognised that DPP9 may be fused, or in other words, linked to a further amino acid sequence, to form a fusion protein which has the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2. An example of a fusion protein is one which comprises the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2 which 30 is linked to a further amino acid sequence: a "tag" sequence which consists of an amino acid sequence encoding the V5 epitope and a His tag. An example of another further amino acid sequence which may be linked with DPP9 is a glutathione S transferase (GST) domain [30]. Another 35 example of a further amino acid sequence is a portion of CD8 α [8]. Thus in one aspect, the invention provides a fusion protein comprising the amino acid sequence shown in

SEQ ID NO:2 linked with a further amino acid sequence, the fusion protein having the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2.

5 It is also recognised that the peptide of the first aspect of the invention may be comprised in a polypeptide, so that the polypeptide has the substrate specificity of DPP9. The polypeptide may be useful, for example, for altering the protease susceptibility of DPP9, when used in *in vivo* applications. An example of a polypeptide which may be useful in this regard, is albumin. Thus in another embodiment, the peptide of the first aspect is comprised in a polypeptide which has the substrate specificity of DPP9.

10 15 In one aspect, the invention provides a peptide which includes the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7. In one embodiment the peptide consists of the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7.

20 25 30 As described further herein, the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7, and the amino acid sequences of DPPIV, DPP8 and FAP are homologous. DPPIV, DPP8 and FAP have dipeptidyl peptidase enzymatic activity and have substrate specificity for peptides which contain the di-peptide sequence, Ala-Pro. The inventors note that the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7 contains the catalytic triad, Ser-Asp-His. Accordingly, it is anticipated that the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7 has enzymatic activity in being capable of cleaving a peptide which contains Ala-Pro by hydrolysis of a peptide bond located C-terminal adjacent to proline in the di-peptide sequence.

In one embodiment, the peptide comprises an amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7 which is capable of cleaving a peptide bond which is C-terminal adjacent to proline in the sequence Ala-Pro. The capacity of a dipeptidyl

peptidase to cleave a peptide bond which is C-terminal adjacent to proline in the di-peptide sequence Ala-Pro can be determined by standard techniques, for example, by observing hydrolysis of a peptide bond which is C-terminal 5 adjacent to proline in the molecule Ala-Pro-p-nitroanilide.

The inventors recognise that by using standard techniques it is possible to generate a peptide which is a truncated form of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7, which retains 10. the proposed enzymatic activity described above. An example of a truncated form of the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7 which retains the proposed enzymatic activity is a form which includes the catalytic triad, Ser-Asp-His. Thus a truncated form may consist of less than 15. the 831 amino acids shown in SEQ ID NO:7. Accordingly, in a further embodiment, the peptide is a truncated form of the peptide shown in SEQ ID NO:7, which is capable of cleaving a peptide bond which is C-terminal adjacent to proline in the sequence Ala-Pro.

20. It will be understood that the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7 may be altered by one or more amino acid deletions, substitutions or insertions of that amino acid sequence and yet retain the proposed enzymatic activity 25. described above. It is expected that a peptide which is at least 47% similar to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:7, or which is at least 27% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:7, will retain the proposed enzymatic activity described above. The % similarity can be 30. determined by use of the program/algorithm "GAP" which is available from Genetics Computer Group (GCG), Wisconsin. Thus in another embodiment of the first aspect, the peptide has an amino acid sequence which is at least 47% similar to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7, and is 35. capable of cleaving a peptide bond which is C-terminal adjacent to proline in the sequence Ala-Pro.

As described above, the isolation and characterisation of DPP9 is necessary for identifying inhibitors of DPP9 catalytic activity, which may be useful for the treatment 5 of disease. Accordingly, in a fifth aspect, the invention provides a method of identifying a molecule capable of inhibiting cleavage of a substrate by DPP9, the method comprising the following steps:

- (a) contacting DPP9 with the molecule;
- 10 (b) contacting DPP9 of step (a) with a substrate capable of being cleaved by DPP9, in conditions sufficient for cleavage of the substrate by DPP9; and
- (c) detecting substrate not cleaved by DPP9, to identify that the molecule is capable of inhibiting 15 cleavage of the substrate by DPP9.

It is recognised that although inhibitors of DPP9 may also inhibit DPPIV and other serine proteases, as described herein, the alignment of the DPP9 amino acid sequence with 20 most closely related molecules, (i.e. DPPIV), reveals that the DPP9 amino acid is distinctive, particularly at the regions controlling substrate specificity. Accordingly, it is expected that it will be possible to identify inhibitors which inhibit DPP9 catalytic activity specifically, which 25 do not inhibit catalytic activity of DPPIV-like gene family members, or other serine proteases. Thus, in a sixth aspect, the invention provides a method of identifying a molecule capable of inhibiting specifically, the cleavage of a substrate by DPP9, the method comprising the following 30 steps:

- (a) contacting DPP9 and a further protease with the molecule;
- (b) contacting DPP9 and the further protease of step (a) with a substrate capable of being cleaved by DPP9 and 35 the further protease, in conditions sufficient for cleavage of the substrate by DPP9 and the further protease; and

(c) detecting substrate not cleaved by DPP9, but cleaved by the further protease, to identify that the molecule is capable of inhibiting specifically, the cleavage of the substrate by DPP9.

5

In a seventh aspect, the invention provides a method of reducing or inhibiting the catalytic activity of DPP9, the method comprising the step of contacting DPP9 with an inhibitor of DPP9 catalytic activity. In view of the 10 homology between DPP9 and DPP8 amino acid sequences, it will be understood that inhibitors of DPP8 activity may be useful for inhibiting DPP9 catalytic activity. Examples of inhibitors suitable for use in the seventh aspect are described in [21,32,33]. Other inhibitors useful for 15 inhibiting DPP9 catalytic activity can be identified by the methods of the fifth or sixth aspects of the invention.

In one embodiment, the catalytic activity of DPP9 is reduced or inhibited in a mammal by administering the 20 inhibitor of DPP9 catalytic activity to the mammal. It is recognised that these inhibitors have been used to reduce or inhibit DPPIV catalytic activity *in vivo*, and therefore, may also be used for inhibiting DPP9 catalytic activity *in vivo*. Examples of inhibitors useful for this purpose are 25 disclosed in the following [21,32-34].

Preferably, the catalytic activity of DPP9 in a mammal is reduced or inhibited in the mammal, for the purpose of treating a disease in the mammal. Diseases which are 30 likely to be treated by an inhibitor of DPP9 catalytic activity are those in which DPPIV-like gene family members are associated [3,10,11,17,21,36], including for example, neoplasia, type II diabetes, cirrhosis, autoimmunity, graft rejection and HIV infection.

35

Preferably, the inhibitor for use in the seventh aspect of the invention is one which inhibits the cleavage of a peptide bond C-terminal adjacent to proline. As described

herein, examples of these inhibitors are 4-(2-aminoethyl)benzenesulfonylfluoride, aprotinin, benzamidine/HCl, Ala-Pro-Gly, H-Lys-Pro-OH HCl salt and zinc ions, for example, zinc sulfate or zinc chloride. More 5 preferably, the inhibitor is one which specifically inhibits DPP9 catalytic activity, and which does not inhibit the catalytic activity of other serine proteases, including, for example DPPIV, DPP8 or FAP.

10 In an eighth aspect, the invention provides a method of cleaving a substrate which comprises contacting the substrate with DPP9 in conditions sufficient for cleavage of the substrate by DPP9, to cleave the substrate. Examples of molecules which can be cleaved by the method

15 are H-Ala-Pro-pNA, H-Gly-Pro-pNA and H-Arg-Pro-pNA. Molecules which are cleaved by DPPIV including RANTES, eotaxin, macrophage-derived chemokine, stromal-cell-derived factor 1, glucagon and glucagon-like peptides 1 and 2, neuropeptide Y, substance P and vasoactive peptide are also

20 likely to be cleaved by DPP9 [11,12]. In one embodiment, the substrate is cleaved by cleaving a peptide bond C-terminal adjacent to proline in the substrate. The molecules cleaved by DPP9 may have Ala, or Trp, Ser, Gly, Val or Leu in the P1 position, in place of Pro [11,12].

25 The inventors have characterised the sequence of a nucleic acid molecule which encodes the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2. Thus in a tenth aspect, the invention provides a nucleic acid molecule which encodes the amino

30 acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2.

In an eleventh aspect, the invention provides a nucleic acid molecule which consists of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1.

In another aspect, the invention provides a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a peptide comprising the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7.

- 5 The inventors have characterised the nucleotide sequence of the nucleic acid molecule encoding SEQ ID NO:7. The nucleotide sequence of the nucleic acid molecule encoding DPP4-like-2 is shown in SEQ ID NO:8. Thus, in one embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises the
- 10 nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:8. In another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule consists of the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:8.

The inventors recognise that a nucleic acid molecule which has the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:8 could be made by producing only the fragment of the nucleotide sequence which is translated. Thus in an embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule does not contain 5' or 3' untranslated nucleotide sequences.

20 As described herein, the inventors observed RNA of 4.4 kb and a minor band of 4.8 kb in length which hybridised to a nucleic acid molecule comprising sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:8. It is possible that these mRNA species are splice variants. Thus in another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:8 and which is approximately 4.4 kb or 4.8 kb in length.

30 In another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule is selected from the group of nucleic acid molecules consisting of DPP4-like-2a, DPP4-like-2b and DPP4-like-2c, as shown in Figure 2.

35 In another aspect, the invention provides a nucleic acid molecule having a sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 3.

In a twelfth aspect, the invention provides a nucleic acid molecule which is capable of hybridising to a nucleic acid molecule consisting of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1 in 5 stringent conditions, and which encodes a peptide which has the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2. As shown in the Northern blot analysis described herein, DPP9 mRNA hybridises specifically to the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1, after washing in 2XSSC/ 1.0%SDS at 10 37°C, or after washing in 0.1XSSC/0.1% SDS at 50°C. "Stringent conditions" are conditions in which the nucleic acid molecule is exposed to 2XSSC/ 1.0% SDS. Preferably, the nucleic acid molecule is capable of hybridising to a molecule consisting of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1 in 15 high stringent conditions. "High stringent conditions" are conditions in which the nucleic acid molecule is exposed to 0.1XSSC/ 0.1%SDS at 50°C.

As described herein, the inventors believe that the gene 20 which encodes DPP9 is located at band p13.3 on human chromosome 19. The location of the DPP9 gene is distinguished from genes encoding other prolyl oligopeptidases, which are located on chromosome 2, at bands 2q24.3 and 2q23, chromosome 7 or chromosome 15q22. 25 Thus in an embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule is one capable of hybridising to a gene which is located at band p13.3 on human chromosome 19.

It is recognised that a nucleic acid molecule which encodes 30 the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2, or which comprises the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1, could be made by producing the fragment of the sequence which is translated, using standard techniques [30,31]. Thus in an embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule does not contain 5' 35 or 3' untranslated sequences.

In a thirteenth aspect, the invention provides a vector which comprises a nucleic acid molecule of the tenth aspect of the invention. In one embodiment, the vector is capable of replication in a COS-7 cell, CHO cell or 293T cell, or 5 E.coli. In another embodiment, the vector is selected from the group consisting of λ TripleEx, pTripleEx, pGEM-T Easy Vector, pSecTag2Hygro, pet15b, pEE14.HCMV.gs and pCDNA3.1/V5/His.

10 In a fourteenth aspect, the invention provides a cell which comprises a vector of the thirteenth aspect of the invention. In one embodiment, the cell is an E.coli cell. Preferably, the E. coli is MC1061, DH5 α , JM109, BL21DE3, pLySS. In another embodiment, the cell is a COS-7, COS-1, 15 293T or CHO cell.

In a fifteenth aspect, the invention provides a method for making a peptide of the first aspect of the invention comprising, maintaining a cell according to the fourteenth 20 aspect of the invention in conditions sufficient for expression of the peptide by the cell. The conditions sufficient for expression are described herein. In one embodiment, the method comprises the further step of isolating the peptide.

25 In a sixteenth aspect, the invention provides a peptide when produced by the method of the fifteenth aspect.

In a seventeenth aspect, the invention provides a 30 composition comprising a peptide of the first aspect and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

In an eighteenth aspect, the invention provides an antibody 35 which is capable of binding a peptide according to the first aspect of the invention. The antibody can be

prepared by immunising a subject with purified DPP9 or a fragment thereof according to standard techniques [35]. An antibody may be prepared by immunising with transiently transfected DPP9⁺ cells. It is recognised that the 5 antibody is useful for inhibiting activity of DPP9. In one embodiment, the antibody of the eighteenth aspect of the invention is produced by a hybridoma cell.

In a nineteenth aspect, the invention provides a hybridoma 10 cell which secretes an antibody of the nineteenth aspect.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

- Figure 1. Nucleotide sequence of DPP8 (SEQ ID NO:5).
- Figure 2. Schematic representation of the cloning of human 15 cDNA DPP9.
- Figure 3. Schematic representation of the assembly of nucleotide sequences of human cDNA DPP9.
- Figure 4. Nucleotide sequence of human cDNA DPP9 (SEQ ID NO:1) and amino acid sequence of human DPP9 (SEQ ID NO:2).
- 20 Figure 5. Alignment of human DPP9 amino acid sequences with the amino acid sequence encoded by a predicted open reading frame of GDD.
- Figure 6. Alignment of human DPP8, DPP9, DPP4 and FAP amino acid sequences.
- 25 Figure 7. Northern blot analysis of human DPP9 RNA.
- Figure 8. Alignment of murine (SEQ ID NO:4) and human DPP9 amino acid sequences.
- Figure 9. Alignment of murine (SEQ ID NO:3) and human DPP9 cDNA nucleotide sequences.
- 30 Figure 10. Northern blot analysis of rat DPP9 RNA.
- Figure 11. Detection of DPP9 cDNA in CEM cells.
- Figure 12. Detection of murine DPP9 nucleotide sequence.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

EXAMPLES

General

5 Restriction enzymes and other enzymes used in cloning were obtained from Boehringer Mannheim Roche. Standard molecular biology techniques were used unless indicated otherwise.

DPP9 Cloning

10 The nucleotide sequence of DPP8 shown in Figure 1 was used to search the GenBank database for homologous nucleotide sequences. Nucleotide sequences referenced by GenBank accession numbers AC005594 and AC005783 were detected and named GDD. The GDD nucleotide sequence is 39.5 kb and has 19 predicted exons. The analysis of the predicted exon-15 intron boundaries in GDD suggests that the predicted open reading frame of GDD is 3.6 kb in length.

20 In view of the homology of DPP8 and the GDD nucleotide sequences, we hypothesised the existence of DPPIV-like molecules other than DPP8. We used oligonucleotide primers derived from the nucleotide sequence of GDD and reverse transcription PCR (RT-PCR) to isolate a cDNA encoding DPPIV-like molecules.

25 RT-PCR amplification of human liver RNA derived from a pool of 4 patients with autoimmune hepatitis using the primers GDD pr 1F and GDD pr 1R (Table 1) produced a 500 base pair product. This suggested that DPPIV-like molecules are likely to be expressed in liver cells derived from 30 individuals with autoimmune hepatitis and that RNA derived from these cells is likely to be a suitable source for isolating cDNA clones encoding DPPIV-like molecules.

35 Primers GDD pr 3F and GDD pr 1R (Table 1) were then used to isolate a cDNA clone encoding a DPP4-like molecule. A 1.6 kb fragment was observed named DPP4-like-2a. Primers GDD

pr 15F and GDD pr 7R (Table 1) were then used to isolate a cDNA clone encoding a DPP4-like molecule. A 1.9 kb product was observed and named DPP4-like-2b. As described further herein, the sequence of DPP4-like-2b overlaps with the 5 sequence of DPP4-like-2a.

The DPP4-like-2a and 2b fragments were gel purified using WIZARD® PCR preps kit and cloned into the pGEM®-T-easy plasmid vector using the EcoRI restriction sites. The 10 ligation reaction was used to transform JM109 competent cells. The plasmid DNA was prepared by miniprep. The inserts were released by EcoRI restriction digestion. The DNA was sequenced in both directions using the M13Forward and M13Reverse sequencing primers. The complete sequence 15 of DPP4-like-2a and 2b fragments was derived by primer walking.

The nucleotide sequence 5' adjacent to DPP4-like-2b was obtained by 5'RACE using dC tailing and the gene specific 20 primers GDD GSP1.1 and 2.1 (Table 1). A fragment of 500 base pairs (DPP4-like-2c) was observed. The fragment was gel purified using WIZARD® PCR preps kit and cloned into the pGEM®-T-easy plasmid vector using the EcoRI restriction sites. The ligation reaction was used to transform JM109 25 competent cells. The plasmid DNA was prepared by miniprep. The inserts were released by EcoRI restriction digestion. The DNA was sequenced in both directions using the M13Forward and M13Reverse sequencing primers.

30 We identified further sequences, BE727051 and BE244612, with identity to the 5' end of DPP9. These were discovered while performing BLASTn with the 5' end of the DPP9 nucleotide sequence. BE727051 contained further 5' sequence 35 for DPP9, which was also present in the genomic sequence for DPP9 on chromosome 19p13.3. This was used to design primer DPP9-22F (5'GCCGGCGGGTCCCCTGTGTCCG3'). Primer 22F

was used in conjunction with primer GDD3'end (5'GGGCAGGACAAAGTGC CTCACTGG3') on cDNA made from the human CEM cell line to produce a 3000bp product as expected Figure 11.

5

Nucleotide sequence analysis of DPP4-like-2a, 2b, and 2c fragments.

An analysis of the nucleotide sequence of fragments DPP4-like 2a, 2b and 2c with the Sequencher™ version 3.0 10 computer program (Figure 3), and the 5' fragment isolated by primers DPP9-22F and GDD3'end, revealed the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 4.

The predicted amino acid sequence shown in Figure 4 was 15 compared to a predicted amino acid sequence encoded by a predicted open reading frame of GDD (predicted from the nucleotide sequence referenced by GenBank Accession Nos. AC005594 and AC005783), to determine the relatedness of the nucleotide sequence of Figure 4 to the nucleotide sequence 20 of the predicted open reading frame of GDD (Figure 5). Regions of amino acid identity were observed suggesting that there may be regions of nucleotide sequence identity of the predicted open reading frame of GDD and the sequence of Figure 4. However, as noted in Figure 5, there are 25 regions of amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of Figure 4 and the amino acid sequence encoded by the predicted open reading frame of GDD which are not identical, demonstrating that the nucleotide sequences encoding the predicted open reading frame of GDD and the 30 sequence shown in Figure 4 are different nucleotide sequences.

As described further herein, the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA sequence shown in Figure 4 is 35 homologous to the amino acid sequence of DPP8 (Figure 6). Accordingly, and as a cDNA consisting of the nucleotide

sequence shown in Figure 4 was not known, the sequence shown in Figure 4 was named cDNA DPP9.

The predicted amino acid sequence encoded by cDNA DPP9 (called DPP9) is 969 amino acids and is shown in Figure 4. The alignment of DPP9 and DPP8 amino acid sequences suggests that the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 4 may be a partial length clone. Notwithstanding this point, as discussed below, the inventors have found that the 10 alignment of DPP9 amino acid sequence with the amino acid sequences of DPP8, DPP4 and FAP shows that DPP9 comprises sequence necessary for providing enzymolysis and utility. In view of the similarity between DPP9 and DPP8, a full length clone may be of the order of 882 amino acids. A 15 full length clone could be obtained by standard techniques, including for example, the RACE technique using an oligonucleotide primer derived from the 5' end of cDNA DPP9.

20 In view of the homology between the DPP8 and DPP9 amino acid sequences, it is likely that cDNA DPP9 encodes an amino acid sequence which has dipeptidyl peptidase enzymatic activity. Specifically, it is noted that the DPP9 amino acid sequence contains the catalytic triad Ser- 25 Asp-His in the order of a non-classical serine protease as required for the charge relay system. The serine recognition site characteristic of DPP4 and DPP4-like family members, GYSWGG, surrounds the serine residue also suggesting that DPP9 cDNA will encode a DPP4-like enzyme 30 activity.

Further, DPP9 amino acid sequence also contains the two glutamic acid residues located at positions 205 and 206 in DPPIV. These are believed to be essential for the 35 dipeptidyl peptidase enzymatic activity. By sequence alignment with DPPIV, the residues in DPP8 predicted to

play a pivotal role in the pore opening mechanism in Blade 2 of the propeller are E²⁵⁹, E²⁶⁰. These are equivalent to the residues Glu²⁰⁵ and Glu²⁰⁶ in DPPIV which previously have been shown to be essential for DPPIV enzyme activity. A 5 point mutation Glu259Lys was made in DPP8 cDNA using the Quick Change Site directed Mutagenesis Kit(Stratagene, La Jolla). COS-7 cells transfected with wildtype DPP8 cDNA stained positive for H-Ala-Pro4MbNA enzyme activity while the mutant cDNA gave no staining. Expression of DPP8 10 protein was demonstrated in COS cells transfected with wildtype and mutant cDNAs by immunostaining with anti-V5 mAB. This mAB detects the V5 epitope that has been tagged to the C-terminus of DPP8 protein. Point mutations were made to each of the catalytic residues of DPP8, Ser739A, 15 Asp817Ala and His849Ala, and each of these residues were also determined to be essential for DPP8 enzyme activity. In summary, the residues that have been shown experimentally to be required for enzyme activity in DPPIV and DPP8 are present in the DPP9 amino acid sequence: 20 Glu³⁵⁴, Glu³⁵⁵, Ser⁸³⁶, Asp⁹¹⁴ and His⁹⁴⁶.

The DPP9 amino acid sequence shows the closest relatedness to DPP8, having 77% amino acid similarity and 60% amino acid identity. The relatedness to DPPIV is 25% amino acid 25 identity and 47% amino acid similarity. The % similarity was determined by use of the program/algorithm "GAP" which is available from Genetics Computer Group (GCG), Wisconsin.

DPP9 mRNA Expression Studies

30 DPP4-like-2a was used to probe a Human Master RNA Blot™ (CLONTECH Laboratories Inc., USA) to study DPP9 tissue expression and the relative levels of DPP9 mRNA expression.

The DPP4-like-2a fragment hybridised to all tissue mRNA samples on the blot. The hybridisation also indicated high

levels of DPP9 expression in most of the tissues samples on the blot (data not shown).

The DPP4-like-2a fragment was then used to probe two 5 Multiple Tissue Northern Blots™ (CLONTECH Laboratories Inc., USA) to examine the mRNA expression and to determine the size of DPP9 mRNA transcript.

The autoradiographs of the DPP9 Multiple Tissue Northern 10 blot are shown in Figure 8. The DPP9 transcript was seen in all tissues examined confirming the results obtained from the Master RNA blot. A single major transcript 4.4 kb in size was seen in all tissues represented on two Blots after 16 hours of exposure. Weak bands could also be seen in some 15 tissues after 6 hours of exposure. The DPP9 transcript was smaller than the 5.1 kb mRNA transcript of DPP8. A minor, very weak transcript 4.8 kb in size was also seen in the spleen, pancreas, peripheral blood leukocytes and heart. The highest mRNA expression was observed in the spleen and 20 heart. Of all tissues examined the thymus had the least DPP9 mRNA expression. The Multiple Tissue Northern Blots were also probed with a β -actin positive control. A 2.0 kb band was seen in all tissues. In addition as expected a 1.8 kb β -actin band was seen in heart and skeletal muscle.

25

Rat DPP9 expression

A Rat Multiple Tissue Northern Blot (CLONTECH Laboratories, Inc., USA; catalogue #: 7764-1) was hybridised with a human DPP9 radioactively labeled probe, made using Megaprime DNA 30 Labeling kit and [³²P] dCTP (Amersham International plc, Amersham, UK). The DPP9 PCR product used to make the probe was generated using Met3F (GGCTGAGAG GAT GGCCACCAC CGGG) as the forward primer and GDD 3'end (GGGCAGGACAAAGTGC CTCACTGG) as the reverse primer. The hybridisation was

carried out according to the manufacturers' instructions at 60° C to detect cross-species hybridisation. After overnight hybridization the blot was washed at room temperature (2x SSC, 0.1% SDS) then at 40° C (0.1xSSC, 5 0.1%SDS) .

The human cDNA probe identified two bands in all tissues examined except in testes. A major transcript of 4 kb in size was seen in all tissues except testes. This 4 kb 10 transcript was strongly expressed in the liver, heart and brain. A second weaker transcript 5.5 kb in size was present in all tissues except skeletal muscle and testes. However in the brain the 5.5kb transcript was expressed at a higher level than the 4.4 kb transcript. In the testes 15 only one transcript approximately 3.5 kb in size was detected. Thus, rat DPP9 mRNA hybridised with a human DPP9 probe indicating significant homology between DPP9 of the two species. The larger 5.5 kb transcript observed may be due to crosshybridisation to rat DPP8.

20

Mouse DPP9 expression

A Unigene cluster for Mouse DPP9 was identified (UniGene Cluster Mm.33185) by homology to human DPP9. An analysis of 25 expressed sequence tags contained in this cluster and mouse genomic sequence (AC026385) for Chromosome 17 with the Sequencher™ version 3.0 computer program revealed the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 9. This 3517bp cDNA encodes a 869 aa mouse DPP9 protein (missing N-terminus) 30 with 91% amino acid identity and 94 % amino acid similarity to human DPP9. The mouse DPP9 amino acid sequence also has the residues required for enzyme activity, Ser, Asp and His and the two Glu residues.

35 The primers mgdd-pr1F (5'ACCTGGGAGGAAGCACCCACTGTG3') and mgdd-pr4R (5'TTCCACCTGGTCCTCAATCTCC3') were designed from

this sequence and used to amplify a 452 bp product as expected from liver mouse cDNA, as described below.

RNA preparation

5 B57Bl6 mice underwent carbon tetrachloride treatment to induce liver fibrosis. Liver RNA were prepared from snap-frozen tissues using the TRIzol® Reagent and other standard methods.

cDNA synthesis

10 2µg of liver RNA was reverse-transcribed using SuperScript II RNase H- Reverse Transcriptase (Gibco BRL).

PCR

15 PCR using mDPP9- 1F (ACCTGGGAGGAAGCACCCACTGTG) as the forward primer and mDPP9-2R (CTCTCCACATGCAGGGCTACAGAC) as the reverse primer was used to synthesise a 550 base pair mouse DPP9 fragment. The PCR products were generated using AmpliTaq Gold® DNA Polymerase. The PCR was performed as follows: denaturation at 95° C for 10 min, followed by 35 cycles of denaturation at 95° C for 30 seconds, primer 20 annealing at 60 ° C for 30 seconds, and an extension 72° C for 1 min.

Southern Blot

25 DPP9 PCR products from six mice as well as the largest human DPP9 PCR product were run on a 1% agarose gel. The DNA on the gel was then denatured using 0.4 M NaOH and transferred onto a Hybond-N+ membrane (Amersham International plc, Amersham, UK). The largest human DPP9 PCR product was radiolabeled using the Megaprime DNA Labeling kit and [³²P] dCTP (Amersham International plc, 30 Amersham, UK). Unincorporated label was removed using a NAP column (Pharmacia Biotech, Sweden) and the denatured probe was incubated with the membrane for 2 hours at 60° C in Express Hybridisation solution (CLONTECH Laboratories, Inc., USA). (Figure 12). Thus, DPP9 mRNA of appropriate 35 size was detected in fibrotic mouse liver using rt-PCR. Furthermore, the single band of mouse DPP9 cDNA hybridised

with a human DPP9 probe indicating significant homology between DPP9 of the two species.

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5

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CLAIMS

1. A peptide which comprises:

5 (a) the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2; or
(b) the amino acid sequences:

His⁸³³GlyTrpSerTyrGlyGlyPheLeu; Leu⁹¹³AspGluAsnValHisPhePhe;
Glu⁹⁴⁴ArgHisSerIleArg and Phe³⁵⁰ValIleGlnGluGluPhe, and which
has the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ

10 ID NO:2; or

(c) the sequence which has at least 60% identity with
the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2, and which has the
substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2;
or

15 (d) the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:4.

2. A peptide according to claim 1 (c), wherein the
amino acid identity is at least 75%.

20 3. A peptide according to claim 1 (c) wherein the
amino acid identity is at least 95%.

25 4. A fragment of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2
which has the substrate specificity of the sequence shown
in SEQ ID NO:2.

5. A fragment according to claim 4 which comprises
part of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2.

30 6. A fusion protein comprising the amino acid
sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2 linked with a further amino
acid sequence, the fusion protein having the substrate
specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2.

35 7. A fusion protein according to claim 6 wherein the
further amino acid sequence is selected from the group

consisting of GST, V5 epitope and His tag.

8. A method of identifying a molecule capable of inhibiting cleavage of a substrate by DPP9 comprising the 5 following steps:

- (a) contacting DPP9 with the molecule;
- (b) contacting DPP9 of step (a) with a substrate capable of being cleaved by DPP9, in conditions sufficient for cleavage of the substrate by DPP9; and
- 10 (c) detecting substrate not cleaved by DPP9, to identify that the molecule is capable of inhibiting cleavage of the substrate by DPP9.

9. A method of identifying a molecule capable of inhibiting specifically, the cleavage of a substrate by DPP9, the method comprising the following steps:

- (a) contacting DPP9 and a further protease with the molecule;
- (b) contacting DPP9 and the further protease of step 20 (a) with a substrate capable of being cleaved by DPP9 and the further protease, in conditions sufficient for cleavage of the substrate by DPP9 and the further protease; and
- (c) detecting substrate not cleaved by DPP9, but cleaved by the further protease, to identify that the 25 molecule is capable of inhibiting specifically, the cleavage of the substrate by DPP9.

10. A method of reducing or inhibiting the catalytic activity of DPP9, the method comprising the step of 30 contacting DPP9 with an inhibitor of DPP9 catalytic activity.

11. A method of cleaving a substrate comprising the step of contacting the substrate with DPP9 in conditions 35 sufficient for cleavage of the substrate by DPP9.

12. A nucleic acid molecule which:
(a) encodes the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2; or
(b) consists of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1; or
(c) is capable of hybridizing to a nucleic acid
5 molecule consisting of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1 in stringent conditions, and which encodes a peptide which has the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2; or

(d) consists of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:3.

10

13. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 12 (c) wherein the molecule is capable of hybridising in high stringent conditions.

15

14. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 12 which is capable of hybridising to a gene which is located at band p13.3 on human chromosome 19.

20

15. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 12 which does not contain 5' or 3' untranslated regions.

25

16. A fragment of a nucleic acid molecule consisting of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1, which encodes a peptide which has the substrate specificity of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2.

17. A fragment according to claim 16 which consists of part of the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1.

30

18. A vector comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to claim 12.

19. A cell comprising a vector according to claim 18.

35

20. A composition comprising a peptide according to claim 1.

21. An antibody which is capable of binding to a peptide according to claim 1.

5 22. An antibody according to claim 21 which is produced by a hybridoma cell.

23. A hybridoma cell capable of making an antibody according to claim 22.

10 24. A peptide comprising the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 7.

15 25. A nucleic acid molecule comprising the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:8.

- 32 -

Table 1

FORWARD Primer name	Primer length	Primer sequence (5'- 3')
GDD pr 1f	24mer	GTG GAG ATC GAG GAC CAG GTG GAG
GDD pr 2f	24mer	CAA AGT GAG GAA AAA TGC ACT CCG
GDD pr 2a	24mer	TGA GGA AAA ATG CAC TCC GAG CAG
GDD pr 3f	24mer	AAA CTG GCT GAG TTC CAG ACT GAC
GDD pr 5f	24mer	CGG GGA AGG TGA GCA GAG CCT GAC
GDD pr 6f	24mer	AGA AGC ACC CCA CCG TCC TCT TTG
GDD pr 11f	24mer	GAG AAG GAG CTG GTG CAG CCC TTC
GDD pr 12f	24mer	TCA GAG GGA GAG GAC GAG CTC TGC
GDD pr 14f	24mer	CCG CTT CCA GGT GCA GAA GCA CTC
GDD pr 15f	24mer	CTA CGA CTT CCA CAG CGA GAG TGG
GDD pr 16f	25mer	GAT GAG TCC GAG GTG GAG GTC ATT C

REVERSE Primer name	Primer length	Primer sequence (5' - 3')
GDD pr 1r	24mer	GCT CAG AGG TAT TCC TGT AGA AAG
GDD pr 4r	24mer	CCC ATG TTG GCC AGG CTG GTG TTC TTG
GDD pr 7r	24mer	AGG ACC AGC CAT GGA TGG CAA CTC
GDD pr 8r	24mer	CCG CTC AGC TTG TAG ACG TGC ACG
GDD pr 9r	24mer	TCA TTG TCT GTG CTC GGG ATG AAC
GDD pr 13r	24mer	GCA CAT CCG AGC GCG TGT GGA AAT
GDD pr 17r	24mer	TGG GAG AAG CCC GGC GTG GTG AGG
GDD pr 18r	25mer	GCG GTC GAA CTC TTC CTG TAT GAC G
5'RACE Primer name		
GDD GSP 1.1	18mer	TGA AGG AGA AGA AGG CAG
GDD GSP 2.1	24mer	CCT GAG CAC TGG GTC TTG ATT TCC
5'RACE Abridged Anchor Primer (AAP)	36mer	GGC CAC GCG TCG ATC ATG ACG GGI IGG GII GGG II G

1/24

Figure 1

2/24

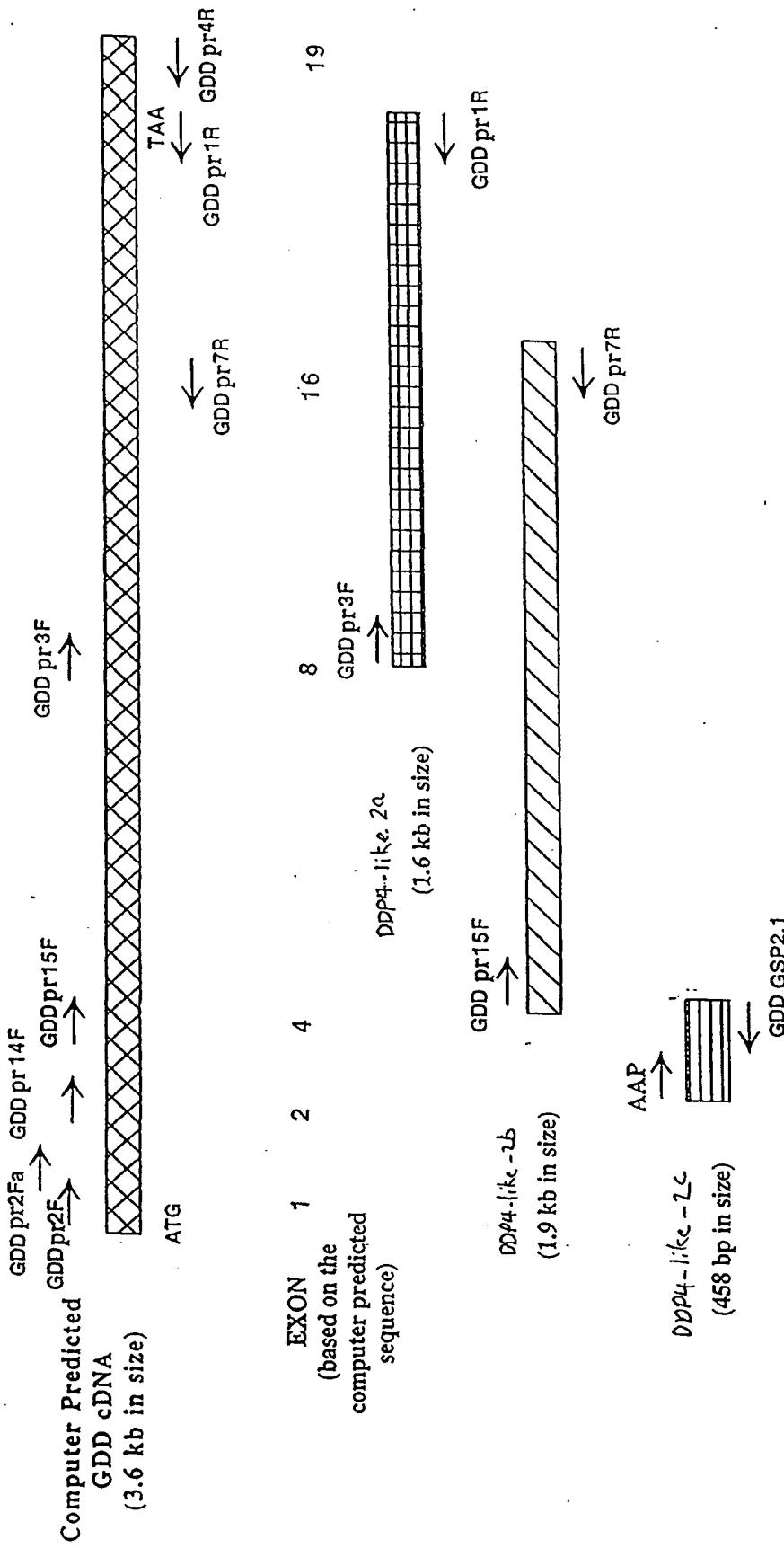


Figure 2

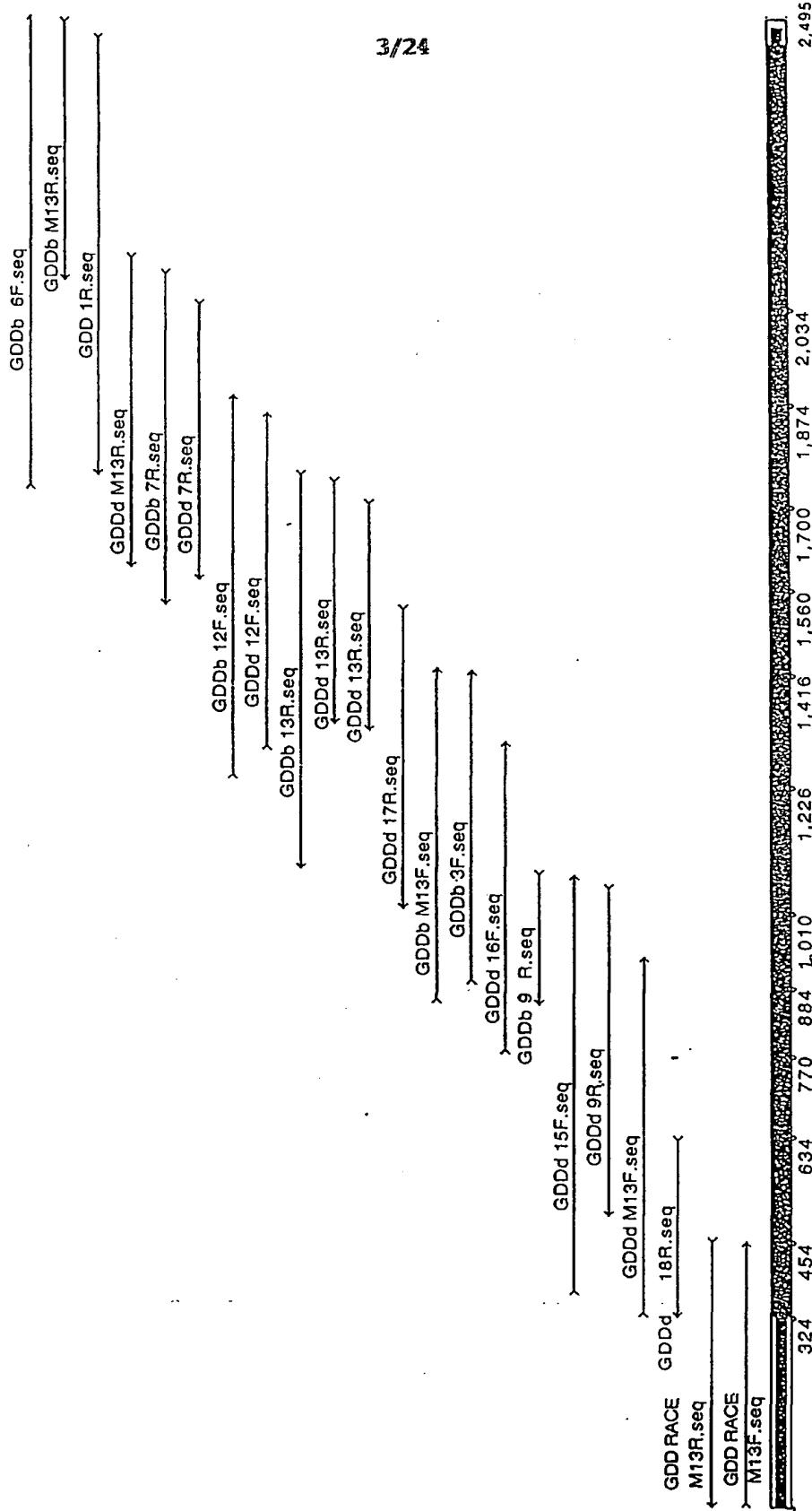


Diagram key

- ◻ Hole in contig
- ▨ Single fragment
- ▨ Multiple fragments same direction
- ▨ Both strands
- ▨ Both strands plus

Figure 3

10	30	50	
1 C G G C G G G T C C C C T G T G T C C G C C G C G G C T G T C G T C C C C G C T C C C G C A C T T C C G G G T C G			60
1 R R V P C V R R G C R P P L P P L P G S			20
70	90	110	
61 C A G T C C C G G G C A T G G A G C C G C G A C C G T G A G G C G C C G C T G G A C C C G G A C G A C C T G C C C A G			120
21 Q S R A W S R D R E A P L D P G R P A Q			40
130	150	170	
121 T C C G G C C G C C G C C C A C G T C C C G G T C T G T G T C C C A C G C C T G C A G C T G G A A T G G A G G C T C T			180
41 S G R R P T S R S V S H A C S W N G G S			60
190	210	230	
181 C T G G A C C C T T T A G A A G G C A C C C T T G C C C T C T G A G G T C A G C T G A G G C G G T T A A T G C G G A A G			240
61 L D P L E G T P A L L R S A E R L M R K			80
250	270	290	
241 G T T A A G A A A C T G C G C T G G A C A A G G G A A C A C C G G A A G T T G G A G A A G C T T C T C G C T G A A T			300
81 V K K L R L D K E N T G S W R S F S L N			100
310	330	350	
301 T C C G A G G G G G C T G A G A G G A T G G G C A C C A C C G G G A C C C C A A C G G C C G A C C G A G G G C A C G C A			360
101 S E G A E R M A T T G T P T A D R G D A			120
370	390	410	
361 G C C G C C A C A G A T G A C C C G G C C G C C C G C T T C C A G G T G C A G A A G C A C T C G T G G G A C G G G C T C			420
121 A A T D D P A A R F Q V Q K H S W D G L			140
430	450	470	
421 C G G A G C A T C A T C C A C G G C A G C C G C A A G T A C T C G G G C C T C A T T G T C A A C A A G G C G C C C A C			480
141 R S I I H G S R K Y S G L I V N K A P H			160
490	510	530	
481 G A C T T C C A G T T T G T G C A G A A G A C G G A T G A G T C T G G G C C C A C T C C C A C C G C C T C T A C T A C			540
161 D F Q F V Q K T D E S G P H S H R L Y Y			180
550	570	590	
541 C T G G G A A T G C C A T A T G G C A G C C G G G A G A A C T C C C T C C T C T A C T C T G A G A T T C C C A A G A A G			600
181 L G M P Y G S R E N S L L Y S E L P K K			200
610	630	650	
601 G T C C G G A A A G A G G G C T C T G C T G C T C C T G G A A G C A G A T G C T G G A T C A T T C C A G G C C			660
201 V R K E A L L L S W K Q M L D H F Q A			220
670	690	710	
661 A C G C C C C A C C A T G G G G T C T A C T C T C G G G A G G A G G C T G C T G A G G G A G C G G A A A C G C C T G			720
221 T P H H G V Y S R E E E L L R E R K R L			240
730	750	770	
721 G G G G T C T C G G C A T C A C C T C C T A C G A C T T C C A C A G C G A G A G T G G C C T C T C C T C T C C A G			780
241 G V F G I T S Y D F H S E S G L F L F Q			260
790	810	830	
781 G C C A G C A A C A G C C T C T C C A C T G C C G C G A C G G C G G C A A G A A C G G C T T C A T G G T G T C C C C T			840
261 A S N S L F H C R D G G K N G F M V S P			280
850	870	890	
841 A T G A A A C C G C T G G A A T C A A G A C C C A G T G C T C A G G G C C C C G G A T G G A C C C C A A A T C T G C			900
281 M K P L E I K T Q C S G P R M D P K I C			300

FIGURE 4

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	910	930	950	
901	CCTGCCGACCCCTGCCCTTCTTCCTCAACAATAACAGCGACCTGTGGTGGCAACATC			960
301	P A D P A F F S F N N N S D L W V A N I			320
	970	990	1010	
961	GAGACAGGCGAGGAGCGCGGCTGACCTCTGCCACCAAGGTTATCCAATGTCCTGGAT			1020
321	E T G E E R R L T F C H Q G L S N V L D			340
	1030	1050	1070	
1021	GACCCCAAGTCTGCCGGTGTGGCCACCTCGTCATACAGGAAGAGTCGACCGCTTCACT			1080
341	D P K S A G V A T F V I Q E E F D R F T			360
	1090	1110	1130	
1081	GGGTACTGGTGGTGCACACAGCCTCCTGGGAAGGTTAGAGGGCCTCAAGACGCTGCGA			1140
361	G Y W W C P T A S W E G S E G L K T L R			380
	1150	1170	1190	
1141	ATCCTGTATGAGGAAGTCGATGAGTCCGAGGTGGAGGTCAATTACAGTCCCCTCTCCTGCG			1200
381	I L Y E E V D E S E V E V I H V P S P A			400
	1210	1230	1250	
1201	CTAGAAGAAAGGAAGACGGACTCGTATCGGTACCCAGGACAGGCAGCAAGAATCCAAG			1260
401	L E E R K T D S Y R Y P R T G S K N P K			420
	1270	1290	1310	
1261	ATTGCCTTGAAACTGGCTGAGTTCCAGACTGACAGCCAGGGCAAGATCGTCTCGACCCAG			1320
421	I A L K L A E F Q T D S Q G K I V S T Q			440
	1330	1350	1370	
1321	GAGAAGGAGCTGGTCAGCCCTTCAGCTCGTGTCCGAAGGTGGAGTACATGCCAGG			1380
441	E K E L V Q P F S S L F P K V E Y I A R			460
	1390	1410	1430	
1381	GCCGGGTGGACCCGGATGGCAAATACGCCCTGGCCATGTTCTGGACCGGCCCCAGCAG			1440
461	A G W T R D G K Y A W A M F L D R P Q Q			480
	1450	1470	1490	
1441	TGGCTCCAGCTCGCCTCCTCCCCCGGCCCTGTTCATCCGAGCACAGAGAATGAGGAG			1500
481	W L Q L V L L P P A L F I P S T E N E E			500
	1510	1530	1550	
1501	CAGCGGCTAGCCTCTGCCAGAGCTGTCCCCAGGAATGTCCAGCCGTATGTTGGTACGAG			1560
501	Q R L A S A R A V P R N V Q P Y V V Y E			520
	1570	1590	1610	
1561	GAGGTCACCAACGTCTGGATCAATGTTCATGACATCTCTATCCCTCCCCAATCAGAG			1620
521	E V T N V W I N V H D I F Y P F P Q S E			540
	1630	1650	1670	
1621	GGAGAGGACGAGCTCTGCTTCTCCGCCAATGAATGCAAGACCGGCTCTGCCATTG			1680
541	G E D E L C F L R A N E C K T G F C H L			560
	1690	1710	1730	
1681	TACAAAGTCACCGCCGTTTAAAATCCAGGGCTACGATTGGAGTGAGCCCTCAGCCCC			1740
561	Y K V T A V L K S Q G Y D W S E P F S P			580
	1750	1770	1790	
1741	GGGGAAGATGAATTAAAGTCCCCATTAAGGAAGAGATTGCTCTGACCAGCGGTGAATGG			1800
581	G E D E F K C P I K E E I A L T S G E W			600

FIGURE 4

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1801	1810	1830	1850	
601	E V L A R H G S K I W V N E E T K L V Y			1860
1861	1870	1890	1910	
621	F Q G T K D T P L E H H L Y V V S Y E A			1920
1921	1930	1950	1970	
641	A G E I V R L T T P G F S H S C S M S Q			1980
1981	1990	2010	2030	
661	N F D M F V S H Y S S V S T P P C V H V			2040
2041	2050	2070	2090	
681	T A C A A G G C T G A G C G G C C C G A C G A C G A C C C C T G C A C A A G C A G C C C G C T T C T G G G C T A G C			2100
2101	2110	2130	2150	
701	A T G A T G G A G G C A G C C A G G C T G C C C C C G G A T T A T G T T C C T C C A G A G A T C T T C C A T T T C C A C			2160
721	M M E A A S C P P D Y V P P E I F H F H			720
2161	2170	2190	2210	
721	A C G C G C T C G G A T G T G C G G C T C T A C G G C A T G A T C T A C A A G C C C C A C G C C T T G C A G C C A G G G			2220
2221	2230	2250	2270	
741	A A G A A G C A C C C C A C C G T C C T T T G T A T A T G G A G G C C C C C A G G T G C A G G T G A A T A A C			2280
761	K K H P T V L F V Y G G P Q V Q L V N N			760
2281	2290	2310	2330	
761	T C C T C A A A G G C A T C A A G T A C T T G C G G C T C A A C A C A C T G G C T C C C T G G G C T A C G C C G T G			2340
781	S F K G I K Y L R L N T L A S L G Y A V			780
2341	2350	2370	2390	
781	G T T G T G A T T G A C G G C A G G G G C T C C T G T C A G C G A G G G C T T C G G T T C G A A G G G G C C T G A A A			2400
801	V V I D G R G S C Q R G L R F E G A L K			800
2401	2410	2430	2450	
801	A A C C A A T G G G C C A G G T G G A G A T C G A G G G A C C A G G T G G A G G G C C T G C A G G T C G T G G C C G A G			2460
821	N Q M G Q V E I E D Q V E G L Q F V A E			820
2461	2470	2490	2510	
821	A A G T A T G G C T T C A T C G A C C T G A G C C G A G G T G C C A T C C A T G G C T G G T C C T A C G G G G C T T C			2520
841	K Y G F I D L S R V A I H G W S Y G G F			840
2521	2530	2550	2570	
841	C T C T C G C T C A T G G G C T A A T C C A C A G G C C C A G G T G T C A A G G T G G C C A T C G C G G G T G C C			2580
861	L S L M G L I H K P Q V F K V A I A G A			860
2581	2590	2610	2630	
861	C C G G T C A C C G T C T G G A T G G C C T A C G A C A C A G G G T A C A C T G A G G C G T C A T G G A C G T C C C T			2640
881	P V T V W M A Y D T G Y T E R Y M D V P			880
2641	2650	2670	2690	
881	G A G A A C A A C C A G C A C G G C T A T G A G G C G G G T C C G T G G C C C T G C A C G T G G A A G C T G C C C			2700
	2710	2730	2750	

FIGURE 4
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2701	AATGAGCCCAACCGCTTGCTTATCCTCCACGGCTTCTGGACGAAAACGTGCACTTTC	2760
901	N E P N R L L I L H G F L D E N V H F F	920
2761	2770 CACACAAACTCCTCGTCTCCCAACTGATCCGAGCAGGGAAACCTTACCAAGCTCCAGATC	2820
921	H T N F L V S Q L I R A G K P Y Q L Q I	940
2821	2830 TACCCCAACGAGAGACACAGTATTGCTGCCCGAGTCGGGCGAGCACTATGAAGTCACG	2880
941	Y P N E R H S I R C P E S G E H Y E V T	960
2881	2890 TTACTGCACCTTCTACAGGAATACCTCTGAGCCTGCCACCAGGGAGCCGCCACATCACAG	2940
961	L L H F L Q E Y L *	
2941	2950 CACAAGTGGCTGCAGCCTCCGGGGAAACCAGGCGGGAGGGACTGAGTGGCCCGCGGGCC	3000
3001	3020 CCAGTGAGGCACTTGTCCCCCCC	

FIGURE 4

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101 SWDGLRSIIHGSRKYSGLIVNKAPHDQFVQKTDESCPHSHRLYYLCHPY 150
 1LRSIIHGSRKYSGLIVNKAPHDQFVQKTDESCPHSHRLYYLCHPY 46
 151 GSRENSILLYSEIPKKVRKEALLLSWKQHLDHFQATPHKGVYSREEELLR 200
 17 GSRENSILLYSEIPKKVRKEALLLSWKQHLDHFQATPHKGVYSREEELLR 96
 201 ERKRLGVFGITSYDFIISESGLFLFQASNSLFHCRDGGKNGFHVSPGPGCV 250
 197 ERKRLGVFGITSYDFIISEGGLFLFQASNSLFHCRDGGKNGFHVSPGPGCV 139
 251 SPHKPLEIKTQCSGPRHDPKICPADPAFFSFINNSDLWVANIEETGEERRL 300
 140 SPHKPLEIKTQCSGPRHDPKICPADPAFFSFINNSDLWVANIEETGEERRL 189
 301 TFCHQGLSNVLDPPKSAGVATFVIQEEFDRFTGYWWCPTASWE . EGLKT 348
 190 TFCHQGLSNVLDPPKSAGVATFVIQEEFDRFTGYWWCPTASWEGLKT 239
 349 LRILYEEVDESEVEVHVPSPALEERKTDSYRYPRTGSKNPKIALKLAEF 398
 240 LRILYEEVDESEVEVHVPSPALEERKTDSYRYPRTGSKNPKIALKLAEF 289
 399 QTDSGKIVSTQEKELVQPFSSLFPKVEYIARAG AWAHFLDRP 441
 290 QTDSGKIVSTQEKELVQPFSSLFPKVEYIARAGWTRDGKYAWAHFLDRP 339
 442 QOWLQLVLLPPALFIPSTENEEQRLASARAVPRNVQPYVVYEEVTNVWIN 491
 340 QOWLQLVLLPPALFIPSTENEEQRLASARAVPRNVQPYVVYEEVTNVWIN 389
 492 VHDIFYPPQSEGEDELCFLRANECKTGFCHLYKVTAVLKSQGYDWSEPF 541
 390 VHDIFYPPQSEGEDELCFLRANECKTGFCHLYKVTAVLKSQGYDWSEPF 439
 542 SPGE EQSLTNA IWNNEETKLVYFQGTDTP 572
 440 SPGEDEFKCPKEEIALTSGEWEVLARHGSK IWNNEETKLVYFQGTDTP 489
 573 LEHHLYVVSYEAAGEIVRLTTPGFHSCHSCMSQNFDMFVSHYSSVTPPCV 622
 490 LEHHLYVVSYEAAGEIVRLTTPGFHSCHSCMSQNFDMFVSHYSSVTPPCV 539
 623 HVYKLSGPDDDPHLKQPRFWASHMEA KIFHFHTRSVRLY 663
 540 HVYKLSGPDDDPHLKQPRFWASHMEAASCPPDYVPPEIFHFHTRSVRLY 589
 664 CHIYKPHALQPGKKHPTVLFVYGGPQVQLVNNSFCKIKYLRNLTASLCY 713
 590 CHIYKPHALQPGKKHPTVLFVYGGPQVQLVNNSFCKIKYLRNLTASLCY 639
 714 AVVVIDGRGSCQRLRFEGLKKNQHQVEI EDQVEGLQFVAEKYGFIDLS 763
 640 AVVVIDGRGSCQRLRFEGLKKNQHQVEI EDQVEGLQFVAEKYGFIDLS 689
 764 RVAIKGWSYGGFLSLHGLIHKPQVKVAIAGAPTVWMAYDTGYTERYHD 813
 690 RVAIKGWSYGGFLSLHGLIHKPQVKVAIAGAPTVWMAYDTGYTERYHD 739
 814 VPENNQHGYEAGSVALHVEKLPNEPNRLLIILHGFLDENVHFFHTNFLVSO 863
 740 VPENNQHGYEAGSVALHVEKLPNEPNRLLIILHGFLDENVHFFHTNFLVSO 789
 864 LIRACKPYQLQVALPPVSPQIYPNERHSIRCPESGEHYEVTLHFLQEYL 913
 790 LIRACKPYQL QIYPNERHSIRCPESGEHYEVTLHFLQEYL 830

Figure 5

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FIGURE 6

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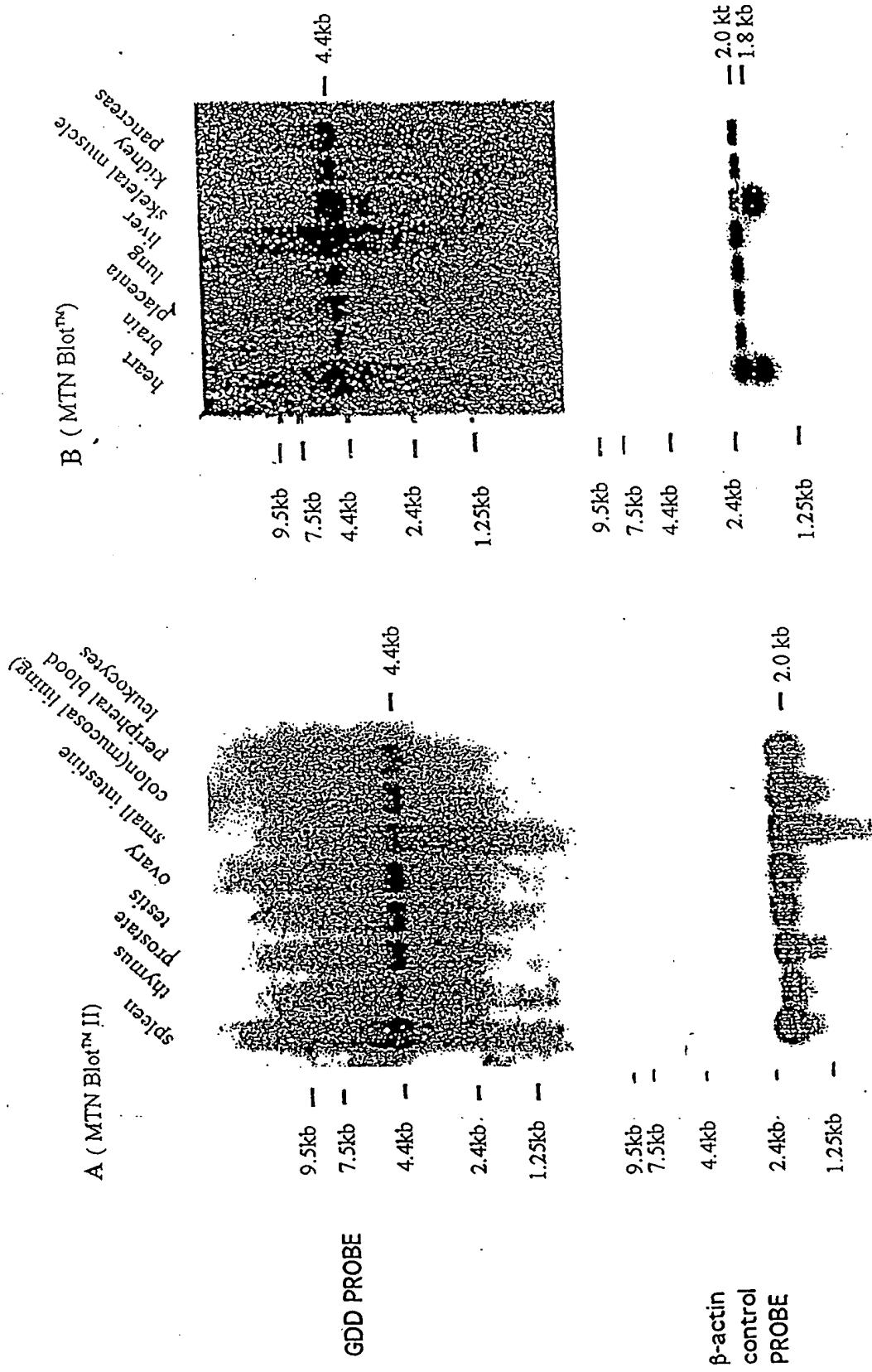


FIGURE 7

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m8hdpp9aa gap.txt

GAP of: hdpp9.aa check: 7050 from: 1 to: 969

/home/rpag02/Cathy/tedfamily/PATENT/hdpp9.aa [Unknown form]

to: mdpp9.aa check: 4436 from: 1 to: 847

/home/rpag02/Cathy/tedfamily/PATENT/mdpp9.aa [Unknown form]

Symbol comparison table: /dbase/gcg/gcgcore/data/rundata/nwsgappc.cmp
CompCheck: 1254Gap Weight: 3.000 Average Match: 0.540
Length Weight: 0.100 Average Mismatch: -0.396Quality: 1179.7 Length: 969
Ratio: 1.393 Gaps: 2
Percent Similarity: 94.215 Percent Identity: 90.555

hdpp9.aa x mdpp9.aa October 5, 19101 16:00 ..

51 SHACSWNGGSLDPLEGTPALLRSAERLMRKVKKLRLDKENTGSWRSFSLN 100

1 P 1

101 SEGAERMATTGTPTADRGDAAATDDPAARFQVQKHSWDGLRSIIHGSRKY 150

|:|:|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|

2 SQEPQRMC.SGVSPVEQVAAGDMDDTAARFCVQKHSWDGLRSIIHGSRK 50

151 SGLIVNKAPHDFQFVQKTDESGPHSHRLYYLGMPYGSRENSLLYSEIPKK 200

|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|

51 SGLIVSKAPHDFQFVQKPDESGPHSHRLYYLGMPYGSRENSLLYSEIPKK 100

201 VRKEALLLLSWKQMLDHFQATPHHGVSREEELLRERKRLGVFGITSYDF 250

|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|.|

101 VRKEALLLLSWKQMLDHFQATPHHGVSREEELLRERKRLGVFGITSYDF 150

FIGURE 8

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251 HSESGLFLFQASNSLFHCRDGGKNGFMVSPMCKPLEIKTQCSGPRMDPKIC 300
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
151 HSESGLFLFQASNSLFHCRDGGKNGFMVSPMCKPLEIKTQCSGPRMDPKIC 200
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
301 PADPAFFSFNNNSDLWVANIEGEERRLTFCHQGLSNVLDDPKSAGVATF 350
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| . |||: ||||| |||||
201 PADPAFFSFINNSDLWVANIEGEERRLTFCHQGSAGVLDNPKSAGVATF 250
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
351 VIQEEFDRFTGYWWCPTASWEGSQGLKTLRILYEEVDESEVEVIHVPSPA 400
||||| ||||| : ||||| ||||| : ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
251 VIQEEFDRFTGCWWCPTASWEGSEGLKTLRILYEEVDESEVEVIHVPSPA 300
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
401 LEERKTD SYRYPRTGSKNP KIALKLA E F Q T D S Q G K I V S T Q E K E L V Q P F S S 450
||||| ||||| : ||||| ||||| : ||||| ||||| |||||
301 LEERKTD SYRYPRTGSKNP KIALKLA E L Q T D H Q G K I V S S C E K E L V Q P F S S 350
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
451 LFPKVEYIARAGWTRDGKYAWAMFLDRPQQWLQLVLLPPALFIPSTENEE 500
||||| ||||| : ||||| ||||| : ||||| ||||| . ||| . |||||
351 LFPKVEYIARAGWTRDGKYAWAMFLDRPQQRLQLVLLPPALFIPAVESEA 400
||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
501 QRLASARAVPRNVQPYVVYEEVTNVWINVHDIFYPFPQSEGEDELCFLRA 550
||| . ||||| : ||||| : ||||| : ||||| . ||| . ||| : |||||
401 QRQAAARAVPKNVQPFVIYEEVTNVWINVHDIFHPFPQABGQQDFCFLRA 450
||||| ||||| |||||
551 NECKTGFCHLYKVTAVLKSQGYDWSEPFSPGEDEFKCPIKEEIALTSGEW 600
||||| ||||| : ||| . ||.. : ||| . ||| : ||||| ||| : |||||
451 NECKTGFCHLYRVTVELKTDYDWTEPLSPTEGEFKCPIKEEVALTSGEW 500
||||| |||||
601 EVLARHGSKIKWVNEETKLVYFQGKDTPLEHHLYVVSYEAAGEIVRLTTP 650
||| . ||||| ||||| : ||||| ||||| ||||| . ||||| |||||

FIGURE 8

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501 EVLSRHGSKIWVNEQTKLVYFQGKDTPLHHLYVVSYESAGEIVRLTTL 550
651 GFSHSCSMSQNFDMFVSHYSSVSTPPCVHVKLSGPDDDPLHKQPRFWAS 700
||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .
551 GFSHSCSMSQSFDMFVSHYSSVSTPPCVHVKLSGPDDDPLHKQPRFWAS 600
701 MMEAASCPPDYVPPEIFHFHTRSDVRLYGMIYKPHALQPGKKHPTVLFVY 750
||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .
601 MMEAANCPPDYVPPEIFHFHTRADVQLYGMIYKPHTLQPGRKHPTVLFVY 650
751 GGPQVQLVNNNSFKGIKYLRNNTLASLGYAVVVIDGRGSCQRGLRFEGALK 800
||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .
651 GGPQVQLVNNNSFKGIKYLRNNTLASLGYAVVVIDGRGSCQRGLHFEGLALK 700
801 NQMGQVEIEDQVEGLQFVAEKYGFIDLSRVAIHGSYGGFLSLMGLIHKP 850
||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .
701 NQMGQVEIEDQVEGLQFVAEKYGFIDLSRVAIHGSYGGFLSLMGLIHKP 750
851 QVFKVAIAGAPVTWVWMAYDTGYTERYMDVPENNQHGYEAGSVALHVEKLP 900
||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .
751 QVFKVAIAGAPVTWVWMAYDTGYTERYMDVPENNQQGYEAGSVALHVEKLP 800
901 NEPNRLLILHGFLDENVFFFHTNFLVSQLIRAGKPYQLQIYPNERHSIRC 950
||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .||||| .
801 NEPNRLLILHGFLDENVFFFHTNFLVSQLIRAGKPYQLQV.....ASVTT 845
951 PESGEHYEVTLHFLQEYL 969
|:
846 PQ..... 847

FIGURE 8

match pp⁹ change to

```
GAP of: dpp9patent.dna  check: 1968  from: 1  to: 3000
/home/rpag02/Cathy/tedfamily/PATENT/dpp9patent.dna  [Unknown form]
to: mdpp9.dna  check: 672  from: 1  to: 2873
/home/rpag02/Cathy/tedfamily/PATENT/mdpp9.dna  [Unknown form]
Symbol comparison table: /dbase/gcg/gcgcore/data/rundata/nwsgapdna.cmp
CompCheck: 6876
```

Gap Weight:	5.000	Average Match:	1.000
Length Weight:	0.300	Average Mismatch:	0.000
Quality: 2166.5		Length:	3172
Ratio: 0.754		Gaps:	2
Percent Similarity: 80.637		Percent Identity:	80.637

dpp9patent.dna x mdpp9.dna October 5, 19101 16:00 ..

FIGURE 9

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401 AGCACTCGTGGACGGCTCCGGAGCATCCACGGCAGCCGCAAGTAC 450
102 AGCACTCGTGGATGGCTCGTAGCATTATCCACGGCAGTCGCAAGTCC 151

451 TCGGGCCTCATTGTCAACAAGGCGCCCCACGACTTCCAGTTGTGCAGAA 500
152 TCGGGCCTCATTGTCAAGGCCCCCACGACTTCCAGTTGTGCAGAA 201

501 GACGGATGAGTCTGGGCCCCACTCCCACCGCCTCTACTACCTGGGAATGC 550
202 GCCTGACGAGTCTGGCCCCACTCTCACCGTCTCTATTACCTCGGAATGC 251

551 CATATGGCAGCCGGAGAACTCCCTCCTCTACTCTGAGATTCCAAGAAG 600
252 CTTACGGCAGCCGTGAGAACTCCCTCCTACTCCGAGATCCCAAGAAA 301

601 GTCCGGAAAGAGGCTCTGCTGCTCCTGTCCCTGGAAGCAGATGCTGGATCA 650
302 GTGCGGAAGGAGGCCCTGCTGCTGCTGTCCCTGGAAGCAGATGCTGGACCA 351

651 TTTCCAGGCCACGCCCCACCATGGGTCTACTCTCGGGAGGAGGAGCTGC 700
352 CTTCCAGGCCACACCCACCATGGGTCTACTCCGAGAGGAGGAGCTAC 401

701 TGAGGGAGCGAAACGCCCTGGGGCTTCGGCATCACCTCTACGACTTC 750
402 TGCGGGAGCGCAAGCGCCTGGCGTTCGGAATCACCTTTATGACTTC 451

751 CACAGCGAGAGTGGCCTCTCCCTTCCAGGCCAGCAACAGCCTCTTCCA 800
452 CACAGTGAGAGCGGCCCTTCCTCTCCAGGCCAGCAATAGCCTGTTCCA 501

801 CTGCCCGACGGCGGCAAGAACGGCTCATGGTGTCCCTATGAAACCGC 850

FIGURE 9

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502 CTGCAGGGATGGTGGCAAGAATGGCTTATGGTGTCCCCGATGAAGCCAC 551
851 TGGAAATCAAGACCCAGTGCTCAGGGCCCCGGATGGACCCAAAATCTGC 900
552 TGGAGATCAAGACTCAGTGTCTGGGCCACGCATGGACCCAAAATCTGC 601
901 CCTGCCGACCCCTGCCTTCTTCTCCTTCAACAATAACAGCGACCTGTGGGT 950
602 CCCGCAGACCCCTGCCTTCTTCTCCTTCAACAACAGTGTACCTGTGGGT 651
951 GGCCAACATCGAGACAGGGCGAGGGAGCGGCGGCTGACCTTGTGCCACCAAG 1000
652 GGCAAACATCGAGACTGGGGAGGAACGGCGGCTCACCTTGTCAACCAGG 701
1001 GTTTATCCAATGTCCTGGATGACCCCAAGTCTGCGGGTGTGGCCACCTTC 1050
702 GTTCAGCTGGTGTCTGGACAATCCAAATCAGCAGGCGTGGCCACCTTT 751
1051 GTCATACAGGAAGAGTCGACCGCTTCACTGGGTACTGGTGGTGGCCAC 1100
752 GTCATCCAGGAGGAGTCGACCGCTTCACTGGGTGTGGTGGTGGCCAC 801
1101 AGCCTCCTGGGAAGGTTCAAGAGGGCTCAAGACGCTGCGAATCCTGTATG 1150
802 GGCCTCTGGGAAGGCTCCGAAGGTCTCAAGACGCTGCGCATCCTATATG 851
1151 AGGAAGTCGATGAGTCGAGGTGGAGGTCAATTACGTCCCTCTCCTGCG 1200
852 AGGAAGTGGACGAGTCGAAGTGGAGGTCAATTACGTGCCCTCCCCGCC 901
1201 CTAGAAGAAAGGAAGACGGACTCGTATCGGTACCCAGGACAGGCAGCAA 1250
902 CTGGAGGAGAGGAAGACGGACTCCTACCGCTACCCAGGACAGGCAGCAA 951

FIGURE 9

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1251 GAATCCCAAGATTGCCCTGAAACTGGCTGAGTTCCAGACTGACAGCCAGG 1300
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
952 GAACCCCAAGATTGCCCTGAAGCTGGCTGAGCTCCAGACGGACCATCAGG 1001
||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
1301 GCAAGATCGTCTCGACCCAGGAGAAGGAGCTGGTGCAGCCCTTCAGCTCG 1350
||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
1002 GCAAAATCGTGTCAAGCTGCGAGAAGGAACGGTACAGCCATTCAAGCTCC 1051
||||| ||||| |||||
1351 CTGTTCCCGAAGGTGGAGTACATGCCAGGGCCGGTGGACCCGGGATGG 1400
||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
1052 CTTTCCCCAAAGTGGAGTACATGCCCGGGCTGGCTGGACACGGGACGG 1101
||||| ||||| |||||
1401 CAAATACGCCCTGGGCATGTTCTGGACCGGCCCCAGCAGTGGCTCCAGC 1450
||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
1102 CAAATATGCCCTGGGCATGTTCTGGACCGTCCCCAGCAACGGCTTCAGC 1151
||||| |||||
1451 TCGTCCCTCCTCCCCCGGCCCTGTTCATCCCGAGCACAGAGAATGAGGAG 1500
||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
1152 TTGTCCTCCTGCCCTGCTCTTCAATCCCGGCCGTTGAGAGTGAGGCC 1201
||||| |||||
1501 CAGCGGCTAGCCTCTGCCAGAGCTGTCCCCCAGGAATGTCCAGCCGTATGT 1550
||||| ||||| |||||
1202 CAGCGGCAGGCAGCTGCCAGGCCGTCCCCAAGAATGTGCAGCCCTTGT 1251
||||| |||||
1551 GGTGTACGAGGGAGGTACCAACGTCTGGATCAATGTTCATGACATCTTCT 1600
| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
1252 CATCTATGAAGAAGTCACCAATGTCTGGATCAACGTCCACGACATCTTCC 1301
||||| |||||
1601 ATCCCTTCCCCAATCAGAGGGAGAGGACGAGCTCTGCTTTCTCCGCC 1650
||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
1302 ACCCGTTCTCAGGCTGAGGGCCAGCAGGACTTTGTTCTCGTGGC 1351
||||| |||||
1651 AATGAATGCAAGACCGCTCTGCCATTGTACAAAGTCACCGCCGTTT 1700
||||| ||||| |||||
1352 AACGAATGCAAGACTGGCTCTGCCACCTGTACAGGGTCACAGTGGAACT 1401

FIGURE 9

1701 AAAATCCCAGGGCTACGATTGGAGTGAGCCCTCAGCCCCGGGAAGATG 1750
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
1402 TAAAACCAAGGACTATGACTGGACGGAACCCCTCAGCCCTACAGAAGGTG 1451
|
1751 AATTTAAGTCCCCATTAGGAAGAGATTGCTCTGACCAGCGGTGAATGG 1800
|
1452 AGTTTAAGTCCCCATCAAGGAGGAGGTGCCCTGACCAGTGGCGAGTGG 1501
|
1801 GAGGTTTGGCGAGGCACGGCTCCAAGATCTGGTCAATGAGGAGACCAA 1850
|
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|
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|
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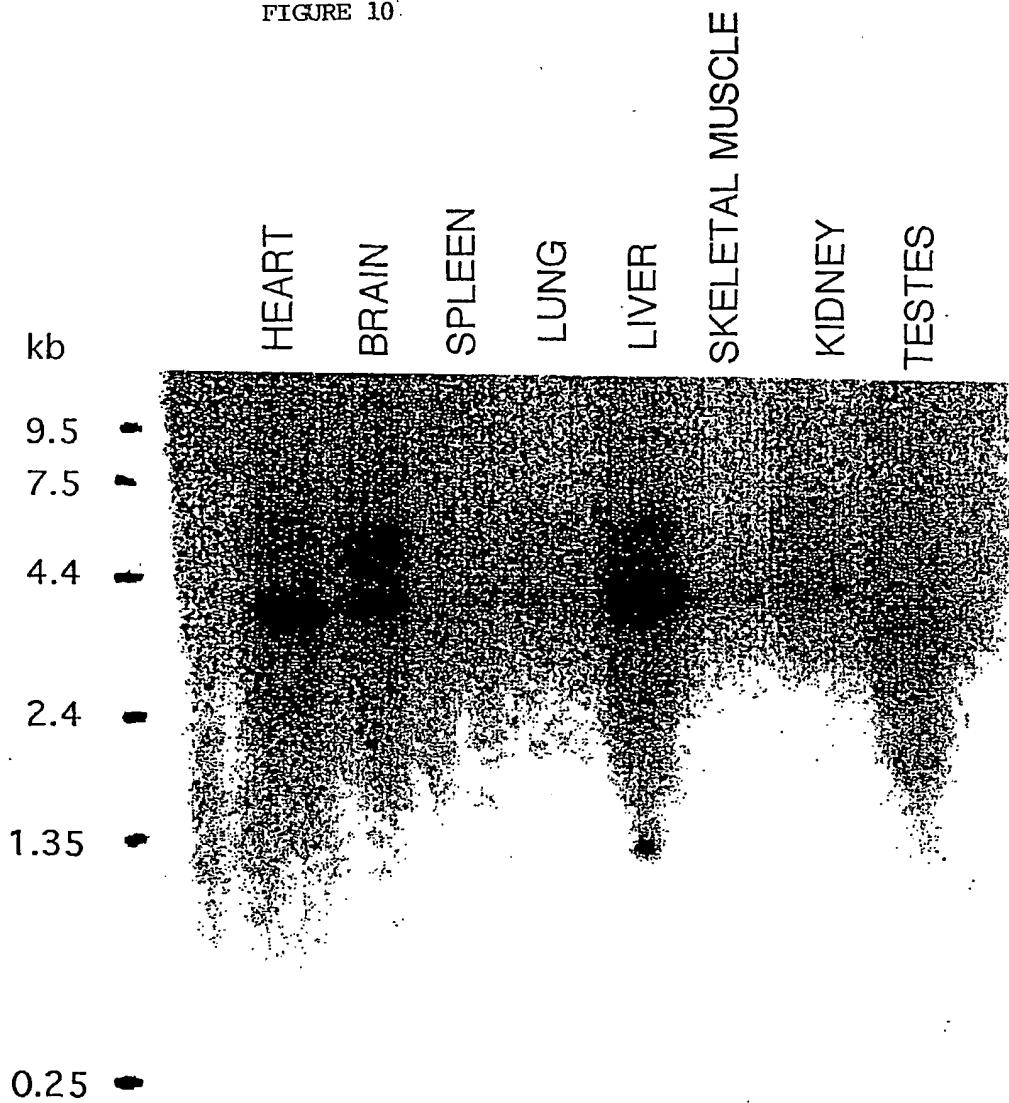
FIGURE 9

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||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
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||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
2002 CCTGCGGCTAAATACACTGGCATCCTGGCTATGCTGTGGTGGTGTGATCG 2051
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||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
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FIGURE 9

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FIGURE 10

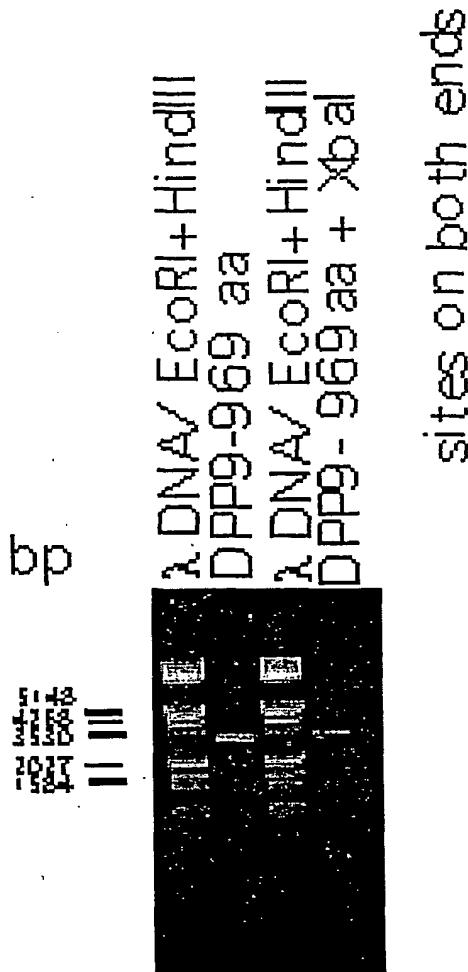


Rat Multiple Tissue Northern Blot hybridised with a human DPP9 probe of 2,589 bases. The hybridisation was carried out overnight at 60° C.

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2999 CC..... 3000
2702 GCCCGAGTCGGAGAGCATTACGAGGTGACGCTGCTGCACTTCTGCAG 2751

FIGURE 9

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sites on both ends

DPP9 PCR products.

Lane 2; generated from CEM cell

line RNA using DPP9 primers 22F and 3' end.

Lane 4; the same primers with XbaI sites on the ends.

FIGURE 11

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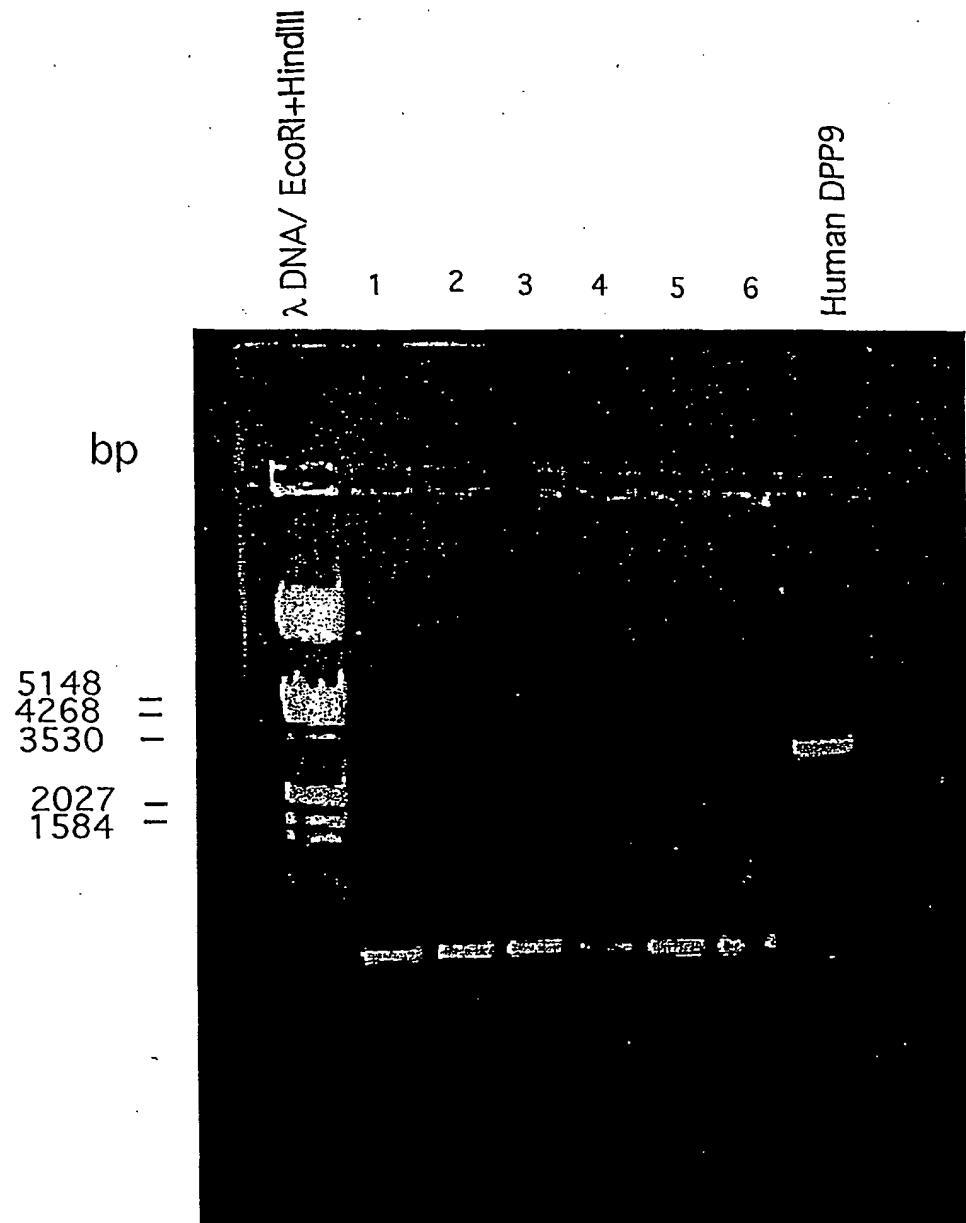


Figure showing DPP9 PCR products from liver of six mice (numbered 1 to 6) and the largest human DPP9 fragment.

FIGURE 12

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1 2 3 4 5 6

Human DPP9



FIGURE 12.

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Gln Lys His Ser Trp Asp Gly Leu Arg Ser Ile Ile His Gly Ser Arg
35 40 45

Lys Ser Ser Gly Leu Ile Val Ser Lys Ala Pro His Asp Phe Gln Phe
50 55 60

Val Gln Lys Pro Asp Glu Ser Gly Pro His Ser His Arg Leu Tyr Tyr
65 70 75 80

Leu Gly Met Pro Tyr Gly Ser Arg Glu Asn Ser Leu Leu Tyr Ser Glu
85 90 95

Ile Pro Lys Lys Val Arg Lys Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu Ser Trp Lys

Untitled.ST25.txt

100

105

110

Gln Met Leu Asp His Phe Gln Ala Thr Pro His His Gly Val Tyr Ser
115 120 125

Arg Glu Glu Glu Leu Leu Arg Glu Arg Lys Arg Leu Gly Val Phe Gly
130 135 140

Ile Thr Ser Tyr Asp Phe His Ser Glu Ser Gly Leu Phe Leu Phe Gln
145 150 155 160

Ala Ser Asn Ser Leu Phe His Cys Arg Asp Gly Gly Lys Asn Gly Phe
165 170 175

Met Val Ser Pro Met Lys Pro Leu Glu Ile Lys Thr Gln Cys Ser Gly
180 185 190

Pro Arg Met Asp Pro Lys Ile Cys Pro Ala Asp Pro Ala Phe Phe Ser
195 200 205

Phe Ile Asn Asn Ser Asp Leu Trp Val Ala Asn Ile Glu Thr Gly Glu
210 215 220

Glu Arg Arg Leu Thr Phe Cys His Gln Gly Ser Ala Gly Val Leu Asp
225 230 235 240

Asn Pro Lys Ser Ala Gly Val Ala Thr Phe Val Ile Gln Glu Glu Phe
245 250 255

Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Cys Trp Trp Cys Pro Thr Ala Ser Trp Glu Gly
260 265 270

Ser Glu Gly Leu Lys Thr Leu Arg Ile Leu Tyr Glu Glu Val Asp Glu
275 280 285

Ser Glu Val Glu Val Ile His Val Pro Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu Glu Arg
290 295 300

Lys Thr Asp Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Pro Arg Thr Gly Ser Lys Asn Pro Lys

305

310

315

320

Untitled.ST25.txt

Ile Ala Leu Lys Leu Ala Glu Leu Gln Thr Asp His Gln Gly Lys Ile
325 330 335

Val Ser Ser Cys Glu Lys Glu Leu Val Gln Pro Phe Ser Ser Leu Phe
340 345 350

Pro Lys Val Glu Tyr Ile Ala Arg Ala Gly Trp Thr Arg Asp Gly Lys
355 360 365

Tyr Ala Trp Ala Met Phe Leu Asp Arg Pro Gln Gln Arg Leu Gln Leu
370 375 380

Val Leu Leu Pro Pro Ala Leu Phe Ile Pro Ala Val Glu Ser Glu Ala
385 390 395 400

Gln Arg Gln Ala Ala Ala Arg Ala Val Pro Lys Asn Val Gln Pro Phe
405 410 415

Val Ile Tyr Glu Glu Val Thr Asn Val Trp Ile Asn Val His Asp Ile
420 425 430

Phe His Pro Phe Pro Gln Ala Glu Gly Gln Gln Asp Phe Cys Phe Leu
435 440 445

Arg Ala Asn Glu Cys Lys Thr Gly Phe Cys His Leu Tyr Arg Val Thr
450 455 460

Val Glu Leu Lys Thr Lys Asp Tyr Asp Trp Thr Glu Pro Leu Ser Pro
465 470 475 480

Thr Glu Gly Glu Phe Lys Cys Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu Val Ala Leu Thr
485 490 495

Ser Gly Glu Trp Glu Val Leu Ser Arg His Gly Ser Lys Ile Trp Val
500 505 510

Asn Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Val Tyr Phe Gln Gly Thr Lys Asp Thr Pro

Untitled.ST25.txt

515 520 525

Leu Glu His His Leu Tyr Val Val Ser Tyr Glu Ser Ala Gly Glu Ile
530 535 540

Val Arg Leu Thr Thr Leu Gly Phe Ser His Ser Cys Ser Met Ser Gln
545 550 555 560

Ser Phe Asp Met Phe Val Ser His Tyr Ser Ser Val Ser Thr Pro Pro
565 570 575

Cys Val His Val Tyr Lys Leu Ser Gly Pro Asp Asp Asp Pro Leu His
580 585 590

Lys Gln Pro Arg Phe Trp Ala Ser Met Met Glu Ala Ala Asn Cys Pro
595 600 605

Pro Asp Tyr Val Pro Pro Glu Ile Phe His Phe His Thr Arg Ala Asp
610 615 620

Val Gln Leu Tyr Gly Met Ile Tyr Lys Pro His Thr Leu Gln Pro Gly
625 630 635 640

Arg Lys His Pro Thr Val Leu Phe Val Tyr Gly Gly Pro Gln Val Gln
645 650 655

Leu Val Asn Asn Ser Phe Lys Gly Ile Lys Tyr Leu Arg Leu Asn Thr
660 665 670

Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Tyr Ala Val Val Val Ile Asp Gly Arg Gly Ser
675 680 685

Cys Gln Arg Gly Leu His Phe Glu Gly Ala Leu Lys Asn Gln Met Gly
690 695 700

Gln Val Glu Ile Glu Asp Gln Val Glu Gly Leu Gln Tyr Val Ala Glu
705 710 715 720

Lys Tyr Gly Phe Ile Asp Leu Ser Arg Val Ala Ile His Gly Trp Ser

Untitled.ST25.txt

725

730

735

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Ser Leu Met Gly Leu Ile His Lys Pro Gln Val
740 745 750

Phe Lys Val Ala Ile Ala Gly Ala Pro Val Thr Val Trp Met Ala Tyr
755 760 765

Asp Thr Gly Tyr Thr Glu Arg Tyr Met Asp Val Pro Glu Asn Asn Gln
770 775 780

Gln Gly Tyr Glu Ala Gly Ser Val Ala Leu His Val Glu Lys Leu Pro
785 790 795 800

Asn Glu Pro Asn Arg Leu Leu Ile Leu His Gly Phe Leu Asp Glu Asn
805 810 815

Val His Phe Phe His Thr Asn Phe Leu Val Ser Gln Leu Ile Arg Ala
820 825 830

Gly Lys Pro Tyr Gln Leu Gln Ile Tyr Pro Asn Glu Arg His Ser Ile
835 840 845

Arg Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Glu His Tyr Glu Val Thr Leu Leu His Phe
850 855 860

Leu Gln Glu His Leu
865

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<211> 3120
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<213> Homo sapiens

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120

gagtggaggc ggccgacat gaagcggcgc aggcccgctc catagcgac gtcgggacgg

Untitled.ST25.txt

180

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240

ctgggtgttg agatatttga aactgcggac tgtgaggaga atattgaatc acaggatcgg
300

cctaaattgg agcctttta tggagcgg tattcctgga gtcagcttaa aaagctgctt
360

gccgatacca gaaaatatca tggctacatg atggctaagg caccacatga tttcatgttt
420

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480

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600

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660

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720

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780

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840

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900

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960

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1080

aatgatgaat ctgaggtgga aattattcat gttacatccc ctatgttgg aacaaggagg
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gcagattcat tccgttatcc taaaacaggt acagcaaatac ctaaagtacac ttttaagatg
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Untitled.ST25.txt

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1980

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2100

ttgtatggga tgctctacaa gcctcatgat ctacagcctg gaaagaaaata tcctactgtg
2160

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2220

Untitled.ST25.txt

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2340

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2400

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2580

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2700

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2760

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2820

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2880

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<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 6

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20 25 30

Glu Pro Phe Tyr Val Glu Arg Tyr Ser Trp Ser Gln Leu Lys Lys Leu
35 40 45

Leu Ala Asp Thr Arg Lys Tyr His Gly Tyr Met Met Ala Lys Ala Pro
50 55 60

His Asp Phe Met Phe Val Lys Arg Asn Asp Pro Asp Gly Pro His Ser
65 70 75 80

Asp Arg Ile Tyr Tyr Leu Ala Met Ser Gly Glu Asn Arg Glu Asn Thr
85 90 95

Leu Phe Tyr Ser Glu Ile Pro Lys Thr Ile Asn Arg Ala Ala Val Leu
100 105 110

Met Leu Ser Trp Lys Pro Leu Leu Asp Leu Phe Gln Ala Thr Leu Asp
115 120 125

Tyr Gly Met Tyr Ser Arg Glu Glu Glu Leu Leu Arg Glu Arg Lys Arg
130 135 140

Ile Gly Thr Val Gly Ile Ala Ser Tyr Asp Tyr His Gln Gly Ser Gly
145 150 155 160

Thr Phe Leu Phe Gln Ala Gly Ser Gly Ile Tyr His Val Lys Asp Gly
165 170 175

Gly Pro Gln Gly Phe Thr Gln Gln Pro Leu Arg Pro Asn Leu Val Glu
180 185 190

Thr Ser Cys Pro Asn Ile Arg Met Asp Pro Lys Leu Cys Pro Ala Asp
195 200 205

Untitled.ST25.txt

Pro Asp Trp Ile Ala Phe Ile His Ser Asn Asp Ile Trp Ile Ser Asn
210 215 220

Ile Val Thr Arg Glu Glu Arg Arg Leu Thr Tyr Val His Asn Glu Leu
225 230 235 240

Ala Asn Met Glu Glu Asp Ala Arg Ser Ala Gly Val Ala Thr Phe Val
245 250 255

Leu Gln Glu Glu Phe Asp Arg Tyr Ser Gly Tyr Trp Trp Cys Pro Lys
260 265 270

Ala Glu Thr Thr Pro Ser Gly Gly Lys Ile Leu Arg Ile Leu Tyr Glu
275 280 285

Glu Asn Asp Glu Ser Glu Val Glu Ile Ile His Val Thr Ser Pro Met
290 295 300

Leu Glu Thr Arg Arg Ala Asp Ser Phe Arg Tyr Pro Lys Thr Gly Thr
305 310 315 320

Ala Asn Pro Lys Val Thr Phe Lys Met Ser Glu Ile Met Ile Asp Ala
325 330 335

Glu Gly Arg Ile Ile Asp Val Ile Asp Lys Glu Leu Ile Gln Pro Phe
340 345 350

Glu Ile Leu Phe Glu Gly Val Glu Tyr Ile Ala Arg Ala Gly Trp Thr
355 360 365

Pro Glu Gly Lys Tyr Ala Trp Ser Ile Leu Leu Asp Arg Ser Gln Thr
370 375 380

Arg Leu Gln Ile Val Leu Ile Ser Pro Glu Leu Phe Ile Pro Val Glu
385 390 395 400

Asp Asp Val Met Glu Arg Gln Arg Leu Ile Glu Ser Val Pro Asp Ser
405 410 415

Untitled.ST25.txt

Val Thr Pro Leu Ile Ile Tyr Glu Glu Thr Thr Asp Ile Trp Ile Asn
420 425 430

Ile His Asp Ile Phe His Val Phe Pro Gln Ser His Glu Glu Glu Ile
435 440 445

Glu Phe Ile Phe Ala Ser Glu Cys Lys Thr Gly Phe Arg His Leu Tyr
450 455 460

Lys Ile Thr Ser Ile Leu Lys Glu Ser Lys Tyr Lys Arg Ser Ser Gly
465 470 475 480

Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ser Asp Phe Lys Cys Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu Ile
485 490 495

Ala Ile Thr Ser Gly Glu Trp Glu Val Leu Gly Arg His Gly Ser Asn
500 505 510

Ile Gln Val Asp Glu Val Arg Arg Leu Val Tyr Phe Glu Gly Thr Lys
515 520 525

Asp Ser Pro Leu Glu His His Leu Tyr Val Val Ser Tyr Val Asn Pro
530 535 540

Gly Glu Val Thr Arg Leu Thr Asp Arg Gly Tyr Ser His Ser Cys Cys
545 550 555 560

Ile Ser Gln His Cys Asp Phe Phe Ile Ser Lys Tyr Ser Asn Gln Lys
565 570 575

Asn Pro His Cys Val Ser Leu Tyr Lys Leu Ser Ser Pro Glu Asp Asp
580 585 590

Pro Thr Cys Lys Thr Lys Glu Phe Trp Ala Thr Ile Leu Asp Ser Ala
595 600 605

Gly Pro Leu Pro Asp Tyr Thr Pro Pro Glu Ile Phe Ser Phe Glu Ser
610 615 620

Untitled.ST25.txt

Thr Thr Gly Phe Thr Leu Tyr Gly Met Leu Tyr Lys Pro His Asp Leu
625 630 635 640

Gln Pro Gly Lys Lys Tyr Pro Thr Val Leu Phe Ile Tyr Gly Gly Pro
645 650 655

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Asn Asn Arg Phe Lys Gly Val Lys Tyr Phe Arg
660 665 670

Leu Asn Thr Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Tyr Val Val Val Val Ile Asp Asn
675 680 685

Arg Gly Ser Cys His Arg Gly Leu Lys Phe Glu Gly Ala Phe Lys Tyr
690 695 700

Lys Met Gly Gln Ile Glu Ile Asp Asp Gln Val Glu Gly Leu Gln Tyr
705 710 715 720

Leu Ala Ser Arg Tyr Asp Phe Ile Asp Leu Asp Arg Val Gly Ile His
725 730 735

Gly Trp Ser Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Leu Ser Leu Met Ala Leu Met Gln Arg
740 745 750

Ser Asp Ile Phe Arg Val Ala Ile Ala Gly Ala Pro Val Thr Leu Trp
755 760 765

Ile Phe Tyr Asp Thr Gly Tyr Thr Glu Arg Tyr Met Gly His Pro Asp
770 775 780

Gln Asn Glu Gln Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Gly Ser Val Ala Met Gln Ala Glu
785 790 795 800

Lys Phe Pro Ser Glu Pro Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu His Gly Phe Leu
805 810 815

Asp Glu Asn Val His Phe Ala His Thr Ser Ile Leu Leu Ser Phe Leu
820 825 830

Untitled.ST25.txt

Val Arg Ala Gly Lys Pro Tyr Asp Leu Gln Ile Tyr Pro Gln Glu Arg
835 840 845

His Ser Ile Arg Val Pro Glu Ser Gly Glu His Tyr Glu Leu His Leu
850 855 860

Leu His Tyr Leu Gln Glu Asn Leu Gly Ser Arg Ile Ala Ala Leu Lys
865 870 875 880

Val Ile

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<211> 830
<212> PRT
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<400> 7

Leu Arg Ser Ile Ile His Gly Ser Arg Lys Tyr Ser Gly Leu Ile Val
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Asn Lys Ala Pro His Asp Phe Gln Phe Val Gln Lys Thr Asp Glu Ser
20 25 30

Gly Pro His Ser His Arg Leu Tyr Tyr Leu Gly Met Pro Tyr Gly Ser
35 40 45

Arg Glu Asn Ser Leu Leu Tyr Ser Glu Ile Pro Lys Lys Val Arg Lys
50 55 60

Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu Ser Trp Lys Gln Met Leu Asp His Phe Gln
65 70 75 80

Ala Thr Pro His His Gly Val Tyr Ser Arg Glu Glu Glu Leu Leu Arg
85 90 95

Glu Arg Lys Arg Leu Gly Val Phe Gly Ile Thr Ser Tyr Asp Phe His
100 105 110

Untitled.ST25.txt

Ser Glu Ser Gly Leu Phe Leu Phe Gln Ala Ser Asn Ser Leu Phe His
115 120 125

Cys Arg Asp Gly Gly Lys Asn Gly Phe Met Val Ser Pro Met Lys Pro
130 135 140

Leu Glu Ile Lys Thr Gln Cys Ser Gly Pro Arg Met Asp Pro Lys Ile
145 150 155 160

Cys Pro Ala Asp Pro Ala Phe Phe Ser Phe Asn Asn Asn Ser Asp Leu
165 170 175

Trp Val Ala Asn Ile Glu Thr Gly Glu Glu Arg Arg Leu Thr Phe Cys
180 185 190

His Gln Gly Leu Ser Asn Val Leu Asp Asp Pro Lys Ser Ala Gly Val
195 200 205

Ala Thr Phe Val Ile Gln Glu Glu Phe Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Tyr Trp
210 215 220

Trp Cys Pro Thr Ala Ser Trp Glu Gly Ser Gln Gly Leu Lys Thr Leu
225 230 235 240

Arg Ile Leu Tyr Glu Glu Val Asp Glu Ser Glu Val Glu Val Ile His
245 250 255

Val Pro Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu Glu Arg Lys Thr Asp Ser Tyr Arg Tyr
260 265 270

Pro Arg Thr Gly Ser Lys Asn Pro Lys Ile Ala Leu Lys Leu Ala Glu
275 280 285

Phe Gln Thr Asp Ser Gln Gly Lys Ile Val Ser Thr Gln Glu Lys Glu
290 295 300

Leu Val Gln Pro Phe Ser Ser Leu Phe Pro Lys Val Glu Tyr Ile Ala
305 310 315 320

Untitled.ST25.txt

Arg Ala Gly Trp Thr Arg Asp Gly Lys Tyr Ala Trp Ala Met Phe Leu
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Asp Arg Pro Gln Gln Trp Leu Gln Leu Val Leu Leu Pro Pro Ala Leu
340 345 350

Phe Ile Pro Ser Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg Leu Ala Ser Ala Arg
355 360 365

Ala Val Pro Arg Asn Val Gln Pro Tyr Val Val Tyr Glu Glu Val Thr
370 375 380

Asn Val Trp Ile Asn Val His Asp Ile Phe Tyr Pro Phe Pro Gln Ser
385 390 395 400

Glu Gly Glu Asp Glu Leu Cys Phe Leu Arg Ala Asn Glu Cys Lys Thr
405 410 415

Gly Phe Cys His Leu Tyr Lys Val Thr Ala Val Leu Lys Ser Gln Gly
420 425 430

Tyr Asp Trp Ser Glu Pro Phe Ser Pro Gly Glu Asp Glu Phe Lys Cys
435 440 445

Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu Ile Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Glu Trp Glu Val Leu
450 455 460

Ala Arg His Gly Ser Lys Ile Trp Val Asn Glu Glu Thr Lys Leu Val
465 470 475 480

Tyr Phe Gln Gly Thr Lys Asp Thr Pro Leu Glu His His Leu Tyr Val
485 490 495

Val Ser Tyr Glu Ala Ala Gly Glu Ile Val Arg Leu Thr Thr Pro Gly
500 505 510

Phe Ser His Ser Cys Ser Met Ser Gln Asn Phe Asp Met Phe Val Ser
515 520 525

Untitled.ST25.txt

His Tyr Ser Ser Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Cys Val His Val Tyr Lys Leu
530 535 540

Ser Gly Pro Asp Asp Asp Pro Leu His Lys Gln Pro Arg Phe Trp Ala
545 550 555 560

Ser Met Met Glu Ala Ala Ser Cys Pro Pro Asp Tyr Val Pro Pro Glu
565 570 575

Ile Phe His Phe His Thr Arg Ser Asp Val Arg Leu Tyr Gly Met Ile
580 585 590

Tyr Lys Pro His Ala Leu Gln Pro Gly Lys Lys His Pro Thr Val Leu
595 600 605

Phe Val Tyr Gly Gly Pro Gln Val Gln Leu Val Asn Asn Ser Phe Lys
610 615 620

Gly Ile Lys Tyr Leu Arg Leu Asn Thr Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Tyr Ala
625 630 635 640

Val Val Val Ile Asp Gly Arg Gly Ser Cys Gln Arg Gly Leu Arg Phe
645 650 655

Glu Gly Ala Leu Lys Asn Gln Met Gly Gln Val Glu Ile Glu Asp Gln
660 665 670

Val Glu Gly Leu Gln Phe Val Ala Glu Lys Tyr Gly Phe Ile Asp Leu
675 680 685

Ser Arg Val Ala Ile His Gly Trp Ser Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Ser Leu
690 695 700

Met Gly Leu Ile His Lys Pro Gln Val Phe Lys Val Ala Ile Ala Gly
705 710 715 720

Ala Pro Val Thr Val Trp Met Ala Tyr Asp Thr Gly Tyr Thr Glu Arg
725 730 735

Untitled.ST25.txt

Tyr Met Asp Val Pro Glu Asn Asn Gln His Gly Tyr Glu Ala Gly Ser
740 745 750

Val Ala Leu His Val Glu Lys Leu Pro Asn Glu Pro Asn Arg Leu Leu
755 760 765

Ile Leu His Gly Phe Leu Asp Glu Asn Val His Phe Phe His Thr Asn
770 775 780

Phe Leu Val Ser Gln Leu Ile Arg Ala Gly Lys Pro Tyr Gln Leu Gln
785 790 795 800

Ile Tyr Pro Asn Glu Arg His Ser Ile Arg Cys Pro Glu Ser Gly Glu
805 810 815

His Tyr Glu Val Thr Leu Leu His Phe Leu Gln Glu Tyr Leu
820 825 830

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120

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Untitled.ST25.txt

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Untitled.ST25.txt

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1980

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2160

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2220

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2280

cccaatgagc ccaaccgctt gcttatcctc cacggcttcc tggacgaaaa cgtgcacttt
2340

ttccacacaa acttcctcgt ctcccaactg atccgagcag gaaaacctt ccagctccag
2400

atctacccca acgagagaca cagtattcgc tgccccgagt cgggcgagca ctatgaagtc
2460

acgttactgc actttctaca ggaatacctc tgagc
2495

WO 02/34900

PCT/AU01/01388

Untitled.ST25.txt

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU01/01388

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

Int. Cl. 7: C12N 9/64, 5/10, 5/12; A61K 38/43; C07K 16/40

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

ANGIS sequence search: sequence ID No 2, 4 and 7;
STN: File CA sequences in claim 1 part (b)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
P,X	Eur. J. Biochem, Volume 267, No.20, issued Oct 2000, C.A.Abbott et al, "Cloning, expression and chromosomal localization of a novel human dipeptidyl peptidase (DPP) IV homolog, DPP8", pages 6140-6150. See whole document but in particular abstract and sequence listings.	1-23
P,X	WO 01/19866 A1 (THE UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY) 22 March 2001 Whole document.	1-23
P,X	GenPept accession Number AAH00970 mRNA, partial cds. Submitted 16 Nov 2000.	24, 25

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C See patent family annex

* Special categories of cited documents:	
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
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"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search
6 December 2001

Date of mailing of the international search report

13 DEC 2001

Name and mailing address of the ISA/AU

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
Information on patent family members

International application No.
PCT/AU01/01388

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Document Cited in Search Report	Patent Family Member
WO 01/19866	AU 73946/00

END OF ANNEX

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